

The Republican.

L. W. GRANT, Publisher.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 6, 1892.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
GROVER CLEVELAND.

For Vice-President,
A. E. STEVENSON.

Congress will adjourn in a few days.

The banner country beat of Calhoun is Polkville beat.

If you have quarreled with your neighbor over the State election, go forthwith and make it up.

The Kolbites elected Morgan, a Republican, for Probate Judge of Etowah county over a good Democrat.

Most of the candidates have taken their defeat in good part and have not tried to saddle it off on friends who supported and voted for them.

Now, after taking a little rest, let us turn a hand to the election of Grover Cleveland, who stands for low taxes and general prosperity to the South.

Let the Democrats of Calhoun, lately in hostile camps, get speedily together. We are approaching the November contest, in which the Republican party will take a hand.

Cotton will be ten cents a pound this season and general prosperity will follow the verdict of the people of Alabama for good government. Mark the prediction.

Those candidates who have taken their defeat in good part have made most capital for the future. Men ought always to submit gracefully to the verdict of the people.

Result in the State.

The best information obtainable at this writing (Friday morning places Jones' majority at 20,000 thousand. The Jones men have the House by a majority of the 18 and the Senate by a large majority.

Bowman, in a published card, advises the followers of Kolb to be at the various county sites Saturday and see to it that there is a fair count. We hope this may be done, and then if the count shows that Jones is the choice of the people, that they will submit gracefully to the verdicts.

Gov. Buchanan, the Alliance candidate for Governor of Tennessee, has been badly beaten for the nomination for Governor by Judge Pete Turney and writes a card withdrawing his name from before the approaching gubernatorial convention. It is thought he will run as an Independent.

Senator From This District.

It will probably take the official count to determine who has been elected State Senator from this District. Eichelberger ran ahead of Porter in Cleburne (Porter's county) and Porter ran ahead of Eichelberger in Calhoun (Eichelberger's county) by nearly the same majorities.

There were fully five hundred people in town Tuesday to learn the result of the election. They came from every precinct in the county. Notwithstanding the heated character of the campaign, the utmost good nature prevailed and the two late opposing elements fraternized. This is as it should be. We are all interested in preserving peace and harmony, and it is hoped whatever animosities have been engendered during the struggle will cease with the determination of the result. While the Jones side has been victorious in securing their choice for Governor, the Kolb men have succeeded in electing some men of their choice on the county ticket, and the Jones men have not been heard to express any disappointment over that. We are all friends and brothers. Let us get together and work shoulder to shoulder for the good of our common country.

RESULT IN THE COUNTY.

It was impossible to get the vote for each candidate from the outside returns in this county and we prefer not to publish an incomplete statement, as it would be unjust to some of the candidates. The next issue of the REPUBLICAN will contain the official vote by beats. Enough is known to justify us in saying that Messrs Williams and Morris have been elected to the Legislature. Judge Crook has been re-elected Probate Judge; Ed. G. Caldwell has been elected Sheriff; D. Z. Goodlett has been re-elected Tax Collector; F. M. Treadaway has been elected Treasurer; L. D. Miller has been elected County Superintendent; Jno. P. Weaver has been re-elected Circuit Clerk; and Jake T. DeArman, M. N. Coker, John B. Palmer and Green L. Skelton have been elected commissioners. The tally sheets kept by various parties differ as to who has been elected tax assessor, but it lies between McClellan and Cowden. Coroner is also in doubt. It will take the official count to determine the matter as to these two last named offices.

Result in Cleburne.

A private letter from Cleburne gives the following as the result in that county. The majority for each candidate is given. Kolb 435; Eichelberger for Senate 434; Taylor for Representative 352; S. P. Barber for Probate Judge 608; Wm. M. Evans for Sheriff 409; J. H. Johnson for Circuit Clerk 280; Wm. T. Bailey for County Treasurer 343; J. D. Walker Tax Assessor 379; J. H. Grimes for Tax Collector 338; J. R. Barker for County Superintendent 449. All the men elected were running in opposition to the ticket nominated by the Democracy of Cleburne county.

General Burke is a staunch Republican, but he brought several young men, whom he had secured positions for in Chattanooga, home to vote for Jones on election day. He said he regarded the election of Kolb as a blow to the prosperity of the State and hence his interest in Jones. It was purely business with General Burke; and so it was with thousands of Republicans all over the State.

About Ten Thousand.

Birmingham Age-Herald.

The election returns are in with sufficient fullness to indicate the result. Jones' majority is much less than any of the estimates have given him, though it is perfectly safe. We give a table, partly official, partly estimated, with all the counties embraced except eleven. This table shows that Jones has aggregate majorities of 34,964, while Kolb has aggregate majorities of 21,830, giving Jones a net majority of 13,134.

Of the eleven counties not in the table, Choctaw, Clay, Geneva, Franklin, Madison and Macon will almost certainly give Kolb majorities aggregating something over 3000. Monroe, Hale, Morgan and Pickens will probably give Jones about the same, or a little less. Elmore is close and doubtful, to be determined by the official count. It is possible that Kolb's majorities in Henry, Pike, Lawrence, Lamar and some others are larger than estimated from the unofficial returns, and we conclude that it is practically certain the majority for Governor Jones will be close to 10,000. It is not possible that it will be reduced below that figure.

The indications at first, as stated by the Age-Herald of Tuesday morning, were for 20,000. But Kolb's large majorities in some of his counties have pulled it down. As there are not enough counties to be heard from to affect the result, if all were to go for Kolb by reasonable majorities, apprehensions may be dismissed.

The table is as follows.

	Jones
Autauga	29
Baldwin	1,234
Bolton	1,687
Calhoun	300
Clarke	256
Colbert	300
Conecuh	100
Covington	150
Dallas	5,900
Escambia	50
Greene	574
Jackson	954
Jefferson	3,000
Limestone	2,000
Louisville	1,027
Marion	200
Mobile	1,413
Montgomery	6,730
Perry	1,750
Russell	1,612
Shelby	160
Sumter	380
Talladega	450
Washington	150
Wilcox	3,050
Total	34,964
Kolb	800
Bibb	300
Blount	500
Chambers	540
Cherokee	988
Clanton	1,151
DeKalb	500
Dekalb	416
Fayette	857
Henry	1,100
Lamar	500
Lawrence	1,700
Limestone	1,000
Randolph	1,000
St. Clair	1,218
Tallapoosa	2,800
Walker	600
Winston	300
Marshall	200
Total	21,830

The indications are that the regular Democrats have carried the House of Representatives by a considerable majority. Kolb seems to have carried probably thirty-five counties and Jones thirty-one. But only five of Kolb's counties have two members, unless he has carried Madison, giving him forty in all. Some of the members who were elected as regular Democrats were nominated as Kolb men, but avowed allegiance to Jones and ran on. It is not impossible that some of these men have strong sympathies with the Kolb side and will be disposed to vote with his following, making that body closer than the figures indicate on their face. It will, however, be safe for Jones by at least sixteen majority. The Senate is overwhelmingly for regular organized Democracy.—Age-Herald.

The Democratic Vice-Presidential candidate, Adlai Stevenson, has returned to Illinois from New York, and in interviews he talks with the utmost hopefulness about the Democratic prospects in the great Empire State. New York will vote the Democratic ticket in November.

THE RESULT.

Comments of the Press.

Montgomery Journal.

Today the most memorable of campaigns in this State ends. The fight has been between the organized Democracy and a faction calling themselves the Jeffersonian Democracy. It has been a fight between Kolbism and anti-Kolbism, between alleged bosses on one side and alleged bosses on the other. It has been bitter, personal, intolerant, desperate. The Kolb forces have been aggressive, determined, bold, defiant. The Jones speakers and workers and committees have been alert and active, and have made one of the most thorough canvasses of the State ever known, in many counties a house to house canvass; and had a well drilled and compact force for the fight today. While bold and aggressive, the Kolb forces lacked the management, the system, the confidence of the Jones forces. While deeply in earnest, they lacked discipline, and whatever may have been their numbers, they had an unequal contest. Of the two hundred newspapers in the State, less than a half dozen were supporting him, and only one of any prominence or circulation and extensive influence. The others were for Gov. Jones and were daily and weekly pouring hot shot into Kolb and his followers, taking advantage of every indiscreet utterance of the speakers magnifying its importance, and damaging their cause. And of five hundred speakers who have been canvassing the State, perhaps Kolb had less than twenty-five, and but two or three of them could be counted men of ability or any reputation outside of their immediate communities. While among the other four hundred and seventy-five were men of national reputations, and nearly all were men of ability and shrewdness and capacity, possessing rare oratorical gifts, and capable of arousing and swaying the passions of men. Would it be any surprise, then, if Kolb's vote should be small and disappointing to him and his followers? Have not the odds been against him? But did he ever have any chance of success?

Two years ago Capt. R. F. Kolb began a systematic canvass for Governor, and at the same time organizing his forces for the bolt which took effect at the Opera House in this city on the 9th of June. He pursued such a course as drove away the most of his supporters and disgusted many even who stood with him to the last. For weeks past it has been evident that the white vote of the State was overwhelmingly in favor of Gov. Jones' re-election and Kolb at last realized that he had no hope of success unless he could secure the solid Republican vote. That hope failed, for the negroes in large numbers voted against him. Even with that he would have been defeated for the white Kolb vote and Republicans combined would not have overcome the immense straight Democratic vote.

Judge Dubose then instructed the clerk to prepare an order consigning Alice Mitchell to the insane asylum. In company with her father and brothers she was driven back to the county jail, where she will remain until she is sent to the asylum. Miss Mitchell's relatives have expressed a desire that she be placed in the asylum at Nashville instead of Bolivar, and the probabilities are that she will be sent there. Judge Dubose, it appears, has no objection. General Wright will indicate in court tomorrow morning where her parents decide to send her. The order will then be made out accordingly, and she will probably be taken to the asylum on Tuesday.

The verdict will probably have the effect of retiring the indictment against Lillie Johnson, who is charged with being an accomplice in the murder of Fred Ward. In answer to a direct question as to probable effect of the verdict on Lillie Johnson's case, General Peters stated that he was not prepared to say anything at present.

Vitrol was the Weapon.

Atlanta, July 29.—Alice Smith, a young white woman was the victim of a terrible punishment at the hands of a deserted wife here this afternoon. Two ounces of vitrol was dashed in her face putting both eyes out and terribly blinding her. This afternoon the deserted wife went to the room occupied by the Smith woman, carrying her blouse to her arms, and calling her to the door, dashed vitrol in her face. Mrs. Olive was arrested, and the Smith woman taken to the Grady Hospital, where she now is. Both eyes are burned entirely out, and her face is horribly disfigured.

Hon. John M. Caldwell is the kind of Democrat we admire. He was approached yesterday, by a man who said he would not vote for Jones and Caldwell both, and asked his advice. "Give me your ticket," said Mr. Caldwell. It was produced, and the name of Ed. G. Caldwell, his brother, candidate for sheriff, scratched by him and the name of Thos. G. Jones substituted for that of Hermon F. Kolb for Governor, and this was voted. This was manhood and true Democracy.—Anniston Hot Blast.

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Charles Krauss, a tailor who went to Illinois about three months since from Talladega, has mysteriously disappeared, and several confiding creditors are unhappy.

STAND BY THE PARTY, BOYS!

Stand by the party, boys and rally to the right; Stand by the party, boys, nor let the colors drop; Stand by the party, boys, be loyal, true and brave; Stand by the party, boys, our dearest rights to save.

Stand by the party, boys, and dare to do the right; Stand by the party, boys, nor waver in the fight; Stand by the party, boys, and never doubt or fear; Stand by the party, boys, the day of triumph's near.

Stand by the party, boys, and wait the coming day; Stand by the party, boys, be ready for the fray; Stand by the party, boys, until the battle's won; Stand by the party, boys, for Cleveland Stevenson.

Stand by the party, boys, and cheer the legions on; Stand by the party, boys, lead on to Washington; Stand by the party, boys, and rally with a shout; Stand by the party, boys, we'll turn the rascals out.

Stand by the party, boys, we'll make the welkin ring; Stand by the party, boys, hosannas loud we'll sing; Stand by the party, boys, and God will bless the day; Stand by the party, boys, our rights will come to stay.

Stand by the party, boys, then we'll be in clover; Stand by the party, boys, hurrah for old Grover; Stand by the party, boys, the day is drawing near; Stand by the party, boys, and fight for freedom dear.

Stand by the party, boys, no quarter ask or give; Stand by the party, boys, democracy shall live; Stand by the party, boys, and raise the flag on high; Stand by the party, boys, to conquer or to die.

—C. D. SMITH.

ALICE MITCHELL

Will be Confined in the Asylum at Nashville.

Memphis Commercial.

The jury was out just twenty minutes in the Alice Mitchell case when the foreman announced that a consensus had been reached. The clerk was then instructed to read it, which he did, as follows:

"We, the jury, find that the defendant, Miss Alice Mitchell, insane, and suggest that it would endanger the peace of the community to set her at liberty."

Judge Dubose then instructed the clerk to prepare an order consigning Alice Mitchell to the insane asylum. In company with her father and brothers she was driven back to the county jail, where she will remain until she is sent to the asylum.

General Weaver, while in command at Palatka in January, 1891, issued an order to Charles C. Abernathy, John H. Newbill, Robert Rhodes and others that they pay into his hands \$1000 for the maintenance of refugees (meaning negroes and renegades from Alabama). This order was accompanied by a threat that if the money was not paid they and their families would be sent south and their property given to said refugees. All of these parties are dead now, and were over 60 years old when the order was issued. Can any southern man vote for such a heartless wretch?

Before the brief sickness which resulted in his death on last week, Palo Alto was generally considered the most valuable horse in the world. He would undoubtedly have commanded \$200,000 under the hammer and Governor Stanford persistently refused to put any price on him. His record—2:08:—was lower than that of any other stallion. It has never been equaled by any other trotter except Madrid S. and never surpassed by any but Snod. Governor Stanford had placed him at the head of his Palo Alto stud and intended to send him to Europe. He would have been a valuable addition to any stud in the world.

The SW 1/4 of the NE 1/4 and the E 1/2 of the NW 1/4 of section 34, the west 20 acres of the SW 1/4 of the NE 1/4 of section 34 and more particularly described as follows: 20 acres off the west side of the SW 1/4 of the NE 1/4 of section 34, bounded north by spring branch, east by Alexandra and Mortistic public road, south by half section of sec. 34, west by line between SW 1/4 of the NE 1/4 and the SW 1/4 of the NE 1/4 of sec. 34, all in township 14, range 7; also the SE 1/4 of the NE 1/4 of sec. 36, township 14, range 8, also the NE 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of sec. 4, in township 13, range 8, S. Calhoun county, Alabama, containing 300 acres, more or less. This site will be made to satisfy said mortgage, together with all taxes, interest, and expenses of holding this foreclosure.

The New England Mortgage Security Company, Mortgagor.

CALDWELL BRADSHAW, G. C. Ellis, Attorneys.

Aug 4-4.

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Issued Weekly.

Rates of Advertising.
Independent advertisements \$1 per square, one inch includes a square.
Local notices \$1 per line.
Advertisers must be handled in the
order or before to insure insertion.

SUBSCRIPTION RATE.

One Dollar.
Two Months. Seventy-Five Cents.
Three Months. Forty Cents.
Subscription may be partially paid in
advance. No name will be booked unless mon-
tage is accompanied by the order.

The families of Hon. Jno. D. Ham-
ilton and Mr. John Jelks of this
village are summering at Sulphur
Springs, seven miles west of Jackson-
ton. We wish to say to the citizens of
Jacksonville that we have both the
Mexican and Jelks coals for sale.
Tredgar Brick & Tile Co.

The Democracy of Calhoun didn't
get into fighting humor until about
two weeks before the election, when the old party did take a
hand and struck hard and fast.

Messrs W. C. Tunstall and J. B.
W. of Anniston were up Wed-
nesday to get the unofficial election
results and know who were the
182

Charlie Martin and Gordon Frank
have been working a force of more
than twenty men in Talladega coun-
try. They brought them all home on
the day to vote for Jones.

FOR DYSPEPSIA,
COLIC, AND STOMACH DISORDERS, USE
BROWNS IRON BITTERS.

Waters keep it stir bottle. Genuine has
rotated

complaint is made to this office
watermelon rinds are thrown in
streets back of the stores to rot
contaminate the air, to the detrac-
tion of the health of the town,
attention of the town authorities
respectfully invited to the matter.

Died.

Albuquerque N. M., June 25
Herbert aged four years and six
months, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. C.
Harrison, formerly of this place,
and Socorro N. M. The bereaved
parents have the sympathy of the
whole community.

Large Child.

J. F. Deal, who lives about two
half miles west of Jackson-
ton, is the father of a girl child,
seven years and eight months,
who weighs one hundred and thirty-
two pounds.

Large children have recently been
reported by the press of Cal-
ton, but we believe that Miss Lizzie
takes the cake. She is not
materially fat, but large and well pro-
portioned, and her heavy weight
does not detract from her good
looks.

WANTED.

The Sliger Manufacturing Co.,
a middle aged man, who
furnish horses and harness, to
Sewing machines and col-
lectors, in this and other localities,
require a small honesty bond
and collections entrusted
to care of salesmen. For par-
ticulars, call on or address,

H. G. EARNEST, at
Piedmont Ala.

MONEY.

Have \$22,500 to loan on farm lands,
city gilds edged. Expenses and
rent 10 to 12 per cent.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Jacksonville, Ala., April 9th.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

An Early Picnic.

Latest thing in the picnic line
last Saturday early, at
Beaute Springs.

heroines of this affair were
Hattie and Lillie Weems,

viz: Harrison, no relative of Benja-
min Harrison, Emily Good-
sall Wharton, Emily Good-
sall Savage, and Mary Haley.

young men were, Messrs. C. B.
(who is fast getting him up a
as a great picnic man), John
Jones (who for the first time was
for the sun) and Master David
Goodlett.

party reached the spring about
clock. After partaking of the
beauties water and resting a bit,
read out breakfast.

following is the bill of fare:

With cream and sugar.

—d—liscuit, rolls, crackers.

—Ham, chicken.

—Tomatoes.

—Jelly, Honey.

—Apples.

—satisfying our epicurean ap-
petite and picking up what was left

in the basket.

we will assure you that there
is no basket left.

definitely not seven baskets full left) we

one year ago we would visit "Lovers'

—So we recalled the progress
of the rugged path (and in
places no path at all) to

ring to assist in the desired spot. The scenery

there was beautiful, grand, yea-

do a lot of agi-

look up through Nature to Na-

God! Though a person can't

feel how insignificant man

he beholds such grandeur,

the time was spent at this very

romantic spot but the sun soon re-
minded us of the distance we had to
make. So this was brought to a close
like every party returned home and now
say, "Give me the 'wild' freshness of
the morning" for picnics every time."

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Death of T. H. Clements.

Mr. T. H. Clements, one of the
most prominent farmers of Calhoun
county, and a thoroughly good man,
died at his home on Cane Creek the
27th ult. He was a soldier in the
Mexican war and subsequently served
in the Confederate army. He
came from Tennessee to Alabama
just prior to or during the war. He
was related to some of the most prominent
people in Tennessee, among
them being Chief Justice Pete Turn-
er, soon to be nominated for Governor
by the Democratic State Convention.
Mr. Clements was a man of
many admirable traits of character,
and was greatly respected
throughout the sphere of his acquaint-
ance. The writer remembers with
affection his steady devotion to his
personal friends and with admiration
his lofty sense of duty to his party
and his country. His death is a
great loss to the county. His family
have the tenderest sympathy of
friends in all parts of the country.

TIME TABLE
of the E. & W. R. R.
Trains arrive going East 12:37 P. M.
West 2:08 P. M.
Make close connection both going to and returning from Gadsden; at Duke Station.

Congressional Institute.

A Congressional Institute will be
held at Talladega, Ala., Monday,
August 22 to Saturday 27 1892.

This institute will be free and
open to all white teachers in Alabama.
The teachers of the fourth
congressional district and of the
counties adjacent to Talladega are
especially requested to attend.

The following subjects will be
treated in outline lectures every
day: Orthography, geography numbers,
reading and language, history,
physiology and hygiene, civics and
pedagogics. Supt. J. B. Graham
will be in charge, assisted by Supts.
H. C. Gilbert, J. W. Morgan and
Profs. G. W. Macon and J. A. Tiner.

Come prepared to take notes and
outlines. There will be two evening
meetings devoted to educational
addresses. Alabama is entitled to
three scholarships in the Nashville
Peabody Normal School. Applic-
ants will be examined Thursday,
25th of August. Free entertainment
if you send your name and address
to J. B. Graham, Talladega, Ala., by
the 12th of August. Send in your
name immediately. For any further
information address.

J. B. GRAHAM, Conductor,
Talladega, Ala.

The recently elected United States
Senator of Georgia, General John B.
Gordon, says:

Mr. A. K. Hawkes—Dear Sir: The
pantoscopic glasses you furnished me
some time since give excellent satis-
faction. I have tested them by use,
and must say they are unequalled in
clearness and brilliancy by any that
I have ever worn.

Respectfully,
JOHN B. GORDON,
Ex-Governor of State of Georgia.

All eyes fitted and the fit guaran-
teed at the Drug Store of Dr. J. M.
Crockett, Jacksonville, Ala.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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RANGUM ROOT LINIMENT

THE
King of all Liniments.

THE BEST,
THE QUICKEST,
THE SUREST,

TO CURE FOR MAN:

Rheumatism, Sprains, Bruises, Swell-
ings, Soreness, Stiffness, Sore Throat,
Weak Back, Cramps, Corns, Blisters,
Warts, Insect Bites, Frost-Bites, Pains,
Aches, Pains in the Back, Breast or
Side, Wounds, Cuts, Hurts, Etc.

FOR HORSES and STOCK:

Spavin, Splint, Ringbone, Wind Galls,
Scratches, Bruises, Strains, Swellings,
Swiney, Harness and Saddle-hurts,
Soreness, Stiffness, Knots, Lameness,
Stiff Joints, Puffs, Etc.

SPURLOCK, NEAL & CO., Props.,
Nashville, Tenn.

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J. B. GRAHAM, Conductor,
Talladega, Ala.

The Farmers' and Mechanics

Savings & Loan Association.

HOME OFFICE, ANNISTON, ALABAMA.

Authorized Capital Stock - \$10,000,000.

A strong, Liberal and Progressive Corporation devoted to fostering and encouraging Industry, Economy and Prosperity among all classes throughout the United States.

COURT 1st and 3rd WEDNESDAYS

MARRIAGE LICENSE FOR SALE

P. O. - - - Cane Creek, Ala.
ia-17-1f

Established 30 Years.

W. A. SMITH

ROME, - - - GEORGIA.

Wholesale and Retail Bookseller and

Music Dealer.

JUST receiving a magnificent line of holi-
day gifts, Christmas Books, Wreaths,
Wreathes, Wreathes, Toys, Games, Books,
Photographs and Autographs, Albums, Poet-
ical, Stories, Pictures, Books, Bibles, Prayer Books, Pic-
tures, Engravings, Vases, Bronzes, Games,
Dolls, Toys, Fancy Stationery in Plush Boxes
and Binders, Books, Games, Books, Games, Books,
and Wreaths, Presents, Panos and Organs from different manu-
facturers, for Cash or instalment plan, allow-
ances sent on application.

600 ROLLS OF WALL PAPER

and Borders, at greatly reduced prices. Sam-
ples sent on application.

BE A MAN

APOLLO WAS A PERFECT MAN.

PERFECT IN FORM, I-MATCHLESS IN WARE,
PERFECT IN PERSONAL BEHAVIOR, I-MATCHLESS IN WARE,<br

Non-Resident Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County, }
Linder & Montgomery vs. J. W. }
Pruitt et al., }
In Chancery at Jacksonville, Ala., }
9th District Northeastern Chancery }
Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of S. D. G. Brothers, complainant's Solicitor, that the Defendant J. W. Pruitt is a non-resident of this State, and resides in the State of Tex., or, O. Cookville, and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the county of Calhoun Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said J. W. Pruitt to plead, answer or demur to the cause of complaint in this cause by the 23rd day of August 1892, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Jacksonville this 19th day of July, 1892.

Wm. M. HAMES, Register.

Partial Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County, }
In Probate Court, Special Term, }
July 21, 1892.

This day came Mrs. M. L. Hutchinson, guardian of her minor children, and filed in court her account and vouchers for a partial settlement of her said guardianship.

It is therefore ordered by the court that the 22d day of August 1892, be, and is hereby appointed the day upon which the said Mrs. M. L. Hutchinson and make said settlement; and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me, at my office in the court house of said county, on said 22d day of August 1892 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
Judge of Probate.

Register's Sale.

Postponed Tuesday August 30, 1892.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery court for the 9th District of the Northeastern Chancery division composed of the county of Calhoun, Alabama, in the case of Berney National Bank vs. Thomas H. Dunn and wife et al, at the October term, 1891, it is ordered that Mr. Martin said court call to the highest bidder for cash at Iron City, Alabama on Tuesday, the 24th day of July, 1892, within the usual hours of sale, the following real and personal property, to-wit: Lots numbered six and seven (6 and 7) in block one (1) and the land west of first street to Henry street and south of a fifteen foot alley of block two (2) to the line of John Scott's land in the plan of the town of Duisburg, in Calhoun county, Alabama, made in C. D. Camp in February, 1884, being a part of section two (2), township sixteen (16) south, range nine (9) east, and also the following lands to-wit: beginning at a stake at the south-east corner of J. A. and Kate Hughes' land thence north twenty two degrees west, eighteen rods to a stake; thence twenty two rods to the Dry Valley road; thence north one-half mile, a stake on the west side of a large iron ore rock; thence south, one and one-half degrees west, twenty five rods and thirteen links to a stake; thence in an easterly direction sixteen rods on a straight line to the beginning, estimated to contain two acres more or less, being a portion of the north half of the southwest quarter of section thirty five (35), township fifteen (15) south of range nine (9) east, in Calhoun county, Ala. All of said property will be sold under said decree foreclosing mortgage, in favor of said Berney National Bank.

This 25th day of June, 1892.

Wm. M. HAMES,
Register.

ju25 4t.

PATENTS

Caveats, Re-issues and Trade-Marks secured, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office and before the Courts promptly and carefully attended to.

Upon receipt of model or sketch of invention, make careful examination and advise as to patentability.

Free of Charge.

Fees Moderate, and I make no charge unless Patent is secured. Information, advice and special reference sent on application.

J. R. LITTLELL,
Washington, D. C.

On U. S. Patent Office.

MAIL SCHEDULE.

Schedule of arrival and departure of mail from the Post office at Jacksonville Ala., Dec. 12th, 1891.

Mails going East leave office 1:35

Arrive 1:55

Mails going West Leave 1:35

Arrive 1:55

Evening mail for Jacksonville and all points on the G. P. and Mineral R. R. close 5 p. m.

Arrive 6 a. m.

STAR ROUTES.

For White Plains, Ala., leave Monday, Wedn. day, Saturday 7 a. m.

Arrive Monday, Wednesday 7 p. m.

at Saturday, 7 p. m.

For Jenkins and Gantle leave Wednesday and Saturday, 7 a. m.

Arrive Wednesday and Saturday 6 p. m.

For Adelia, Allsop, and Reaves

Leave Tuesday, Thursday & Saturday, 7 a. m.

Arrive Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 7 p. m.

Office hours from 6 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Sunday, from 12:30 p. m. to 2:30 p. m.

Money orders and postal notes sold from 7 a. m. until 5 p. m.

ADELIA E. FRANK, P. M.

Jacksonville, Ala.

MONTGOMERY & PRIVETT
Collectors.

P. O. Box 33, Jacksonville, Ala.

Collections made with or without suit, on reasonable terms. Business intrusted to us will receive prompt attention.

June 18-3m.

Two Necessities to the Front.

Sentiment don't sell clothes. It's price and quality. The LEAST of the FORMER for the MOST of the LATTER and things boom. It's no wonder we're doing the biggest trade in CLOTHING and FURNISHING GOODS. It's a characteristic of humanity to appreciate fine things, and where they are "surprise" you'll find the people.

The latest Fashion Plates the suits with bound and stitched edges, plain or silk facings. You read of these things—naturally you look for them when you "set out" to buy a suit. You'll FIND 'EM HERE—all of them, in cheviots, plain black and light shades, tweeds, cassimeres and worsteds, cut in the scale of lengths that are proper. Plain weaves and wide wales. The linings and trimmings are as carefully selected and put in place as the outside finishings. We're not ashamed to have you look our suits through and through. We're conscious they're all right.

Done at office, in Jacksonville this 19th day of July, 1892.

Wm. M. HAMES, Register.

The Republican.

L. W. GRANT, Publisher.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, 1892.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
GROVER CLEVELAND.

For Vice-President,
A. E. STEVENSON.

NO RUMP LEGISLATURE.

GOVERNOR JONES SHOWS HOW IT IS IMPOSSIBLE.

Gives Views on the Situation.—The Conditions Existing Now Cannot Obtain in the Presidential Contest.

The Atlanta Constitution of Friday contained this interview with Governor Jones:

I do not see how it is possible to out my majority down under 15,000, and I believe it will exceed that. This majority represents a white majority, for it is idle for any one to deny that Captain Kolb through the state received a majority of the black vote. With a few exceptions, every republican of any note in Alabama gave Kolb secret support in the beginning and towards the close of the campaign threw off their masks and gave open aid. Chairman Mosley, who pretended in the beginning that he was neutral, in the last days of the canvass issued a circular stating that the plank in our platform in favor of virtue and intelligence controlling virtue and whatever may be their ideas about the future of the country. For the same reason, nine-tenths of the men who have hitherto voted with us will be bitterly opposed to the republican ticket. A third party ticket might draw from the republican ticket some men who would otherwise vote for it. With our natural majority of democrats, the third party will not harm us. We are sure to beat the republican electoral ticket whether it runs as a fusion or a straight-out ticket. Every republican ticket was fought by the republican party, the third party, the independents and by many alliance democrats, who thought that in some way Captain Kolb represented their demands or principles. The contest was exceedingly bitter and the leading opponents of the regular ticket used nearly every weapon or argument possible to inflame prejudice and passion between the classes and races and sections of the state to compass our overthrow. Though our majority is not as large as expected, all things considered it is a splendid triumph for organized democracy and is a death blow to the hopes of the republicans and third partisans in this state. One of the pleasing features of our contest was that a large majority of the allianceen were earnest supporters of the regular organization.

In the first place, owing to the short time elapsing between the nomination and the state election there was hardly time to reach and inform the people on the real issues.

Second, a large number of democrats voted for Kolb because he had persuaded them that he had not been fairly treated in the convention of 1890 and the primaries of this year, and they thought they ought to resent his personal grievance and also what they considered too strict party discipline.

On these grounds many democrats supported Captain Kolb, although they knew he was running independent. There were many other democrats who voted for him because they believed his claim that he was the regular nominee, and on no other grounds. For instance, it had been widely told and believed by many of them that Kolb delegates had been absolutely refused admission to the capitol, where the regular convention met. Nine-tenths of all these voters are democrats from principle. When it comes to the presidential election there will be no doubt as to who the regular nominee is, and they have no wrongs to avenge against the party. In spite of all that can be done to prevent it, over half of these men will come back to our standards, and it, as I favor and believe, a wise and conservative course is adopted concerning their participation in party councils over 75 per cent of them will be back with us in sixty days.

Third—Every officer in the state, from governor down to justice of the peace in each beat, was elected last Monday. There were probably 500 candidates for the various offices. The Kolb men generally swapped off many of the other offices for a vote for him, while the supporters of the regular ticket, believing it would receive a large and assured majority, often swapped off for votes for local and county offices. The regular ticket lost over 10,000 votes from this one cause in the sixty-six counties. Tallapoosa and Limestone counties were conspicuous instances of this. The regular county ticket in the former was beaten only 100 or so votes, while the state ticket was defeated by over 2000 majority. The same thing occurred in Limestone where the bulk of the regular organized democratic county ticket was elected, and yet the state ticket was beaten about 1500 votes. Trading along effected this result for the county offices, especially the probate judgeships, which are generally very valuable and the temptation is strong to sacrifice the state ticket, especially when it is believed it will not be harmed. All this trouble will be removed in the presidential election. There will be 500 less persons interested in swapping than there were in August.

Fourth—We have a majority of democrats from principle in Alabama, who will all be called on in

order to settle a contested election for governor is the general assembly, after it shall have organized and passed laws for that purpose. The general assembly elected in both branches is largely opposed to Captain Kolb politically, and a majority in neither house would attempt to go into organization with men claiming to be elected but not having been so declared. If the members of either house should attempt to set up with others a rival legislature, the secretary of state would easily compel the presence of the absentees and their house would deal with them by expulsion or other procedure.

The provision of the constitution

about the meeting place was put

so that they had known or believed that Mosley, the republican chairman, was taking such a lively interest and part in his campaign.

The best proof of this feeling is the fact that Mosley, who knows a good deal, dared not openly aid Kolb until it was too late to find it out and prove it on him before election day.

In the November election we will

have no plank about "virtue and

intelligence" with which the fears

of the ignorant can be played on,

as was the case in our state election.

Misrepresentation of that plank, commonly known as the "thirteenth plank, lost us at least 15,000 votes in the state contest.

Further than this our people are

on resisting by all constitutional

means the force bill, the very threat

of which retarded our prosperity more

than dread of a general silence; and they

feel the grinding, inequalities and

burdens of the McKinley bill. They

know that a third party ticket, even

if successful, would only result

practically, in beating down our de-

fense against both these assault upon

our autonomy as a people, and our

whole material and industrial pros-

perity. Of that reason, a few of our

people will vote for a third party,

whatever may be their ideas about

the future of the country. For the

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Issued Weekly.

EAST
It's no
RNRISH
things
edges,
book for
-all of
Church Services.
and work
St. Jaku's Episcopal Church—W. T. Allen,
ector-Services with sermon, 2nd Sunday
each, at 11 o'clock a. m., and 7
All are invited.
Sunday School at 9:30 a. m., Geo H. Mont-
gomery, Superintendent. Public always
suits the
Baptist Church—Rev. W. H. Smith, pas-
-Services every 3d Sunday at 11 a. m.
Methodist Church—Rev. F. A. Rogers, pas-
-Services every 1st and 3rd Sunday at 11
a. m., and 7 o'clock p. m.
Sunday School at 9:30 a. m., every Sunday.
Rev. J. D. Hammond, Supt. Prayer meeting
every Wednesday night.
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. R. A. Bow-
man, pastor—Services every 2nd and 4th Sunday
at 11 o'clock a. m., and 7 o'clock p. m.
Prayer meeting every Thursday night.
Public cordially invited.
Sunday School every Sunday morning at
9:30 a. m., H. F. Montgomery, Supt.

Our young townsmen Truman
Kellon has gone to Magnolia Miss.,
go into business.

Our young friends, Reynolds
Brook and John Haines went to
New Orleans this week, on an "out-
ing."

Mrs. Kate Jelks will sell Hats and
Gloves at cost for cash only, for the
next ten days.

Rev. R. A. Bowman of the Presby-
terian church here, returned this
week from a month's vacation in
Virginia.

Walter Jones' pleasant face was
seen on our streets this week.

Plenty of fun at the Court House
Monday night.

Prof. John C. Francis of Ala. Uni-
versity and wife are visiting friends
and relatives in the city.

Take all the ladies and children to
the Lilliputian Family at the
Court House Monday night.

Mrs. Fannie Francis has returned
after a pleasant visit to North Caro-
lina.

Mr. C. B. Woods of Americus, Ga.,
visiting relatives and friends in
his place.

Closing out Corsets, Hair Ribbon
and Embroidery at a big bargain for
cash only at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Everybody should see the great
"France Act" by Mollie Weston at
the Court House Monday night.

In Minnesota 20,000 alliance-
ments claimed, will support Cleveland.

We wish to say to the citizens of
Jacksonville that we have both the
real Creek and Jellico coals for sale.
Tredegar Brick & Tile Co.

Messrs. J. T. DeAman, of the
3rd, M. N. Coker of the 3rd,
H. J. B. Palmer, of the 4th dist.,
were the successful candidates
Commissioner.

The pipe line to the Ice factory is
soon to be more abundant in Jack-
sonville in August than in December.

It will be made this week, it's said.

Table Friday mornings Age-Herald says
the majority in the State is 12,210.

most econ-
t of putting
home and
constitu-
ated by Mollie Weston and the
manufacturers
the
Lilliputian Family at the
Court House Monday night.

Mr. Mat Pruitt died this week after
a long and serious illness, a good
man gone. Our condolence is exten-
sive to his family who will sadly
miss him.

Mrs. Elizabeth Hughes, widow of
Uncle Billy" Hughes, died and was
buried here this week. The bells of
the churches were "tolling at once,"
in memory of her sudden death.

Mr. Miles Harrison, uncle of
John B. Gordon, of Beat 14, while
going to meeting, in a buggy, on
a Monday evening was killed by his
mule running away with his
saddle. His leg was broken in two
places and the back of his head was
bashed in. He lived about an hour.
His wife was badly hurt, also. He
died near Sulphur Springs Beat 14.

John B. Gordon, Conductor,
Talladega, Ala.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The recently elected United States
Senator of Georgia, General John B.
Gordon, says:

Mr. A. K. Hawkes—Dear Sir: The
pantoscopic glasses you furnished me
some time since give excellent satisfaction.
I have tested them by use, and
must say they are unequalled in
clearness and brilliancy by any that
I have ever worn.

Respectfully,
John B. Gordon,

Ex-Governor of State of Georgia.

All eyes fitted and the fit guaranteed
at the Drug Store of Dr. J. M.
Crock, Jacksonville, Ala.

WANTED.

By the Singer Manufacturing Co.,
young or middle aged men, who
will furnish horse and harness, to
sell our Sewing machines and col-
lect in this and other localities.
We require a small honest bond
and goods and collections entrusted
to the care of salesman. For par-
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H. G. EARNEST, at
Piedmont, Ala.

MONEY.

Mr. H. G. EARNEST, at
Piedmont, Ala.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Court House will be opened
on Monday night by the Weston
Combination who will appear in one
of their attractive and unique Entertainments
which have gained for them an enviable reputation.
They transport two dray loads of baggage
including special scenery, illumination, &c., and a large stage will be
erected, and the Entertainment will be
on the same scale of excellence as
in the larger cities. The Westons
come highly recommended and as it
is seldom that Jacksonville is visited
by such Artists, it is hoped they will
be greeted with a full house, more
particularly as a portion of the pro-
ceeds is in aid of the Normal Col-
lege. The performance will embrace
several new features and will, we
are sure, prove a source of amusement
to all who attend.

P. H. B.
Piedmont Ala.
Beat 5, Morrisville, is the only
precinct in the county outside of the
cities that went for Governor Jones.
The Jones Democrats out that way
are justly proud of the matter, and
they have a right to be.—Hot Blast.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—Peter Allen,
formerly of Huntsville, Ala.,
acquired a valuable estate in Texas
and died intestate. The property
awaits claim of his heirs.

Would not this item be of interest
to your readers. The Allen heirs
probably read your journal.

Respectfully,
Jas. B. Goff & Son.
Austin, Texas.

FOR DISPERSA.
Indigestion, and Stomach Diseases, 333
BROWNS BROS. BAPTIST.
All dealers keep it. It is a genuine
trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

Mr. J. W. Medders of Beat 3 proves
his genuine old line Democracy thus.
On election day there came a brawny
big lusty boy to join his other
seven children. He only waited to
see if his child was male or female
to name it "Tom Jones Medders."
From the strength of his politics we
would not wonder if he had named
it "Tom Jones" even if it had been
a girl.

That's the kind of "Jeffersonian"
he is.

Ab. Jones has had his preliminary
trial in New Orleans for the killing
of Ab. Alexander. The charge was
reduced from murder to manslaughter,
and he was admitted to bail in
the sum of \$10,000, which he gave
before leaving the court room.—Hot
Blast.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

SPURLOCK, NEAL & CO., Props.,
Nashville, Tenn.

TIME TABLE
of The E. & W. R. R.
Trains arrive going East 12:37 P. M.
West 2:08 P. M.

Make close connection both going
to and returning from Gadsden, at
Duke Station.

Congressional Institute.

A Congressional Institute will be
held at Talladega, Ala., Monday,
August 22 to Saturday 27 1891.

This Institute will be free and
open to all white teachers in Ala-
bama. The teachers of the fourth
congressional district and of the
counties adjacent to Talladega are
especially requested to attend.

The following subjects will be
treated in outline lectures every
day: Orthography, geography numbers,
reading and language, history,
physiology and hygiene, civics and
pedagogics. Sup't J. B. Graham
will be in charge, assisted by Sup'ts
H. C. Gilbert, J. W. Morgan and
Prof's G. W. Macom and J. A. Laine.

Come prepared to take notes and
outlines. There will be two evening
meetings devoted to educational
addresses. Alabama is entitled to
three scholarships in the Nashville
Peabody Normal School. Applica-
tions will be examined Thursday,
25th of August. Free entertainment
if you send your name and address
to J. B. Graham, Talladega, Ala.,
by the 12th of August. Send in your
name immediately. For any further
information address.

J. B. GRAHAM, Conductor,
Talladega, Ala.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The recently elected United States
Senator of Georgia, General John B.
Gordon, says:

Mr. A. K. Hawkes—Dear Sir: The
pantoscopic glasses you furnished me
some time since give excellent satisfaction.
I have tested them by use, and
must say they are unequalled in
clearness and brilliancy by any that
I have ever worn.

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at the Drug Store of Dr. J. M.
Crock, Jacksonville, Ala.

WANTED.

By the Singer Manufacturing Co.,
young or middle aged men, who
will furnish horse and harness, to
sell our Sewing machines and col-
lect in this and other localities.
We require a small honest bond
and goods and collections entrusted
to the care of salesman. For par-
ticulars, call on or address,
H. G. EARNEST, at
Piedmont, Ala.

MONEY.

Mr. H. G. EARNEST, at
Piedmont, Ala.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The recently elected United States
Senator of Georgia, General John B.
Gordon, says:

Mr. A. K. Hawkes—Dear Sir: The
pantoscopic glasses you furnished me
some time since give excellent satisfaction.
I have tested them by use, and
must say they are unequalled in
clearness and brilliancy by any that
I have ever worn.

Respectfully,
John B. Gordon,

Ex-Governor of State of Georgia.

All eyes fitted and the fit guaranteed
at the Drug Store of Dr. J. M.
Crock, Jacksonville, Ala.

WANTED.

By the Singer Manufacturing Co.,
young or middle aged men, who
will furnish horse and harness, to
sell our Sewing machines and col-

Jones and Kolb.

8000

Have engaged the attention of the masses, but if you want to be happy just call on Porter, Martin & Co. and see what great bargains they have for both Jones and Kolb men. We are prepared to give bargains in Groceries, Hardware, Wagons, Buggies, Surreys, Jump-seats, Hacks and Harness. Call on us, and be convinced.

To our customers: If your account is "past due" and unpaid do not ask for further credit, as we cannot LAP accounts.

Yours Truly,
PORTER, MARTIN & CO.
Jacksonville, Ala.,
S. Side Public Square

NOTICE NO. 12595.
Land office at Montgomery, Ala., June 17, 1892.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Jacksonville, Ala., on July 30th, 1892, viz.: Henry W. Whaley, Homestead entry, No. 1899, for the N.W. 1/4 of N.W. 1/4 of N.W. Section 4 Twp. 16 S., R. 9 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Frank Williamson, George Smith, Ben Morgan, Wesley White, all of White Plains, Ala.

J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

June 25-6

Register's Sale.

Postponed Tuesday August 30, 1892.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery court for the 9th District of the Northeastern Chancery division composed of the county of Calhoun, Alabama, between the People, National Bank vs. Thomas H. Dunn and wife et al., at the October term, 1891, I will, as Register and Master in said court, sell to the highest bidder for cash at Iron City, Alabama, on Tuesday, the 25th day of July, 1892, within the usual hours of sale, the following real and personal property, to-wit: Lots numbered six and seven (6 and 7) block one (1) and the land west of first street to Henry Street, with the following footings of block two (2) to the line of John Scott's land in the plan of the town of Davisville, in Calhoun county, Alabama, made by C. B. Camp in February, 1881, being a part of section two (2), township sixteen (16) south, range nine (9) east, and also the following lands to-wit: beginning at a stake at the south-east corner of J. A. and Kate Hughes' land thence north twenty-two degrees west, eighteen rods to a stake; thence two rods south to the Davisville road; thence south fifteen rods to a stake at the west side of a large iron ore rock; thence south, one and one-half degrees west, twenty-five rods and thirteen links to a stake; thence in an easterly direction sixteen rods on a straight line to the beginning, estimated to contain two acres more or less; being a portion of the north half of the southwest quarter of section one (1) and five (5) acres of section (15) south of range nine (9) east, in Calhoun county, Ala. Also the mines and mineral therin, and the railroad track, train cars, washer, engine boiler, hoisting drum, 3 miles, tools, scales, and other implements now at the mines known as the Pendergrass mines, all at and near Iron City, Calhoun county, Ala. All of said property will be sold under said decree foreclosing mortgage in favor of said Jersey National Bank.

This 24th day of June, 1892.

Wm. M. JAMES,
Register.

Just 4t.

PATENTS

Caveats, Re-issues and Trade-Marks secured, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office and before the Patent Office, and carefully attended to.

Upon receipt of model or sketch of invention, I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability of Free of Charge.

Fees Moderate, and I make no charge unless Patent is secured. Information, advice and special reference sent on application.

J. R. LUTTREL,
Washington, D. C.

On U. S. Patent Office.

Application for Decree to Sell Land.

STATE OF ALABAMA,

Calhoun County.

In Probate Court, Special Term,

June 30th, 1892.

This day came J. A. Gaboury, administrator of the Estate of Alice P. Gaboury, deceased, and filed in Court his application for a decree for an order to sell the lands of said estate for the purpose of paying the debts of said estate.

Nolte is hereby given that the 31st day of August 1892 is appointed for hearing and determining said application, and all persons interested are notified to appear in said Court on said day and contest said application if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
Judge of Probate.

Two Necessities to the Front.

Sentiment don't sell clothes. It's price and quality. The LEAST of the FORMER for the MOST of the LATTER and things boom. It's no wonder we're doing the biggest trade in CLOTHING and FURNISHING GOODS. It's a characteristic of humanity to appreciate fine things, and where they are "surprise" you'll find the people.

The latest Fashion Plates the suits with bound and stitched edges, plain or silk facings. You read of these things—naturally you look for them when you "set out" to buy a suit. You'll FIND 'EM HERE—all of them, in cheviots, plain black and light shades, tweeds, cashmeres and worsteds, cut in the scale of lengths that are proper. Plain weaves and wide wales. The linings and trimmings are as carefully selected and put in place as the outside finishings. We're not ashamed to have you look our suits through and through. We're conscious they're all right.

Straight as a thread through the eye of a needle we have entered into every phase of Suit Fashion. When you make a change with US this Spring it will be for the better. We have "shaved" the price until only a tissue of profits covers the cost. Our line of cheapness has been drawn at \$10.00 worth weighs light below that price. Up to \$25.00 quality grows with every dollar. THERE is the highest perfection. Judge us as you find us. The sacks and three and four button cutaway frocks, made up in "wood brown," cheviots, black thibets, fancy cashmeres, clay's worsteds, etrick, tweeds, english homespuns, &c. Give us a variety that no three houses can combine and equal. Don't fear of the fit that is perfect beyond improvement. Our aim has been to give you the biggest money's worth you have ever had—and we have succeeded. Success piles upon success.

THE FAMOUS ONE PRICE HOUSE

Noble and Tenth Streets,

Anniston, Ala.

CLOSING OUT SALE.

As we are determined to close out our entire Summer Stock, and to sell it for the money, we will give you 15 per cent. off. We will sell you men and boys Suits, Hats, Shoes, Underwear, Woollen and Cotton Dress Goods, Corsets, Hosiery, Table Linens, Towels and House Furnishing Goods at 15c. off in each dollar from 1st of July on,

At ULLMAN BROS.,
Anniston.

"M. & H."

Writing Tablets

The handsomest, most economical, and best method of putting up writing papers for home and office use. Get them from your stationer, or send direct to the Manufacturers,

HASHBROOK & SINCLAIR,
533 and 538 Pearl St., N. Y.

N. B.—A handsome tablet suitable for Polite Correspondence mailed for Twenty-five Cents.

JAS. HUTCHISON

HAIR DRESSER AND BARBER,

(Shop at Old Land Company Office.)

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Has the handsomest, most economical,

and best method of putting up writing

papers for home and office use.

Get them from your stationer, or

send direct to the Manufacturers,

HASHBROOK & SINCLAIR,
533 and 538 Pearl St., N. Y.

N. B.—A handsome tablet suitable

for Polite Correspondence mailed

for Twenty-five Cents.

J. C. FRANCIS,

Notary Public & Ex-Officio

Justice Peace.

COURT 1st and 3rd WEDNESDAYS

MARRIAGE LICENSE
FOR SALE

P. O. - - Cane Creek, Ala.

1st and 4th

MAIL SCHEDULE.

Schedule of arrival and departure of mail from the Post Office at Jacksonville, Ala., Dec. 12th, 1891.

Mails going East leave office 1:35

Arrive Monday, Wednesday, 1:55

Mails going West Leave 1:35

Arrive 1:55

Evening mail for Anniston

and all points on the G. P.

and Mineral R. R. Close 5 p. m.

Arrive 6 a. m.

STATS ROUTES.

For White Plains, Ala., Leave

Monday, Wednesday, Saturday 7 a. m.

Arrive Monday, Wednesday, 7 p. m.

For Jenkins and Grantley, leave

Wednesday and Saturday, 6 a. m.

Arrive Wednesday and Saturday 6 p. m.

For Adelia, Allsup and Reaves

Leave Tuesday, Thursday & Saturday, 6 a. m.

Arrive Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 6 p. m.

Office hours from 6 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Sunday, from 10:30 a. m. to 2:30 p. m.

Money orders and postal notes sold

from 7 a. m. until 5 p. m.

ABELIA E. FRANK, P. M.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is also well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription. It cures, &c. It is a well known fact that it has invariably produced beneficial results."

—H. A. ANGUS, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Consumption, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Enteritis, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so, as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D.,
"The Winthrop," 125th Street and 7th Ave.,
Late Pastor Bloomingdale Reformed Church, New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.

RECEIVING DAILY A FULL LINE OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS

CONSISTING OF

drints, Ginghams, Dress Goods, Notions, House Linens, Bleached Goods, Blankets, Quilts, Courfertables &c.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Woolen Underwear, iery, Ladies' and Childrens' Fall and Winter O and Jackets. Mens' and Boys' Overcoats, Suits, Caps, Shoes, in fact a nice line of

Gents' Furnishings
Are expecting daily a full stock of Clements &

FINE SHOES FOR LADIES.

Come and learn our prices for the hard times.

In my Grocery Department you will find the ents" and cheaper grade of flour, brown and granulated Sugars, N. O. Syrups, Lard and Meat. Everything make complete a general stock of merchandise.

P. ROWAN

COUSSEN'S LIGHTNING LINIMENT FOR MAN OR BEAST

USED FOR THE PAST 20 YEARS FOR RHEUMATISM
LAME BACK, SPRAINS ETC.
REFERRED TO AS THE APPLICATION CURES GROUP
SPEEDY BY RICHARDSON-TAYLOR MED. G. ST. LOUIS, MO.

STEVENS, MARTIN & GRANT Real Estate Brokers,

Jacksonville, Alabama

Real Estate bought and sold on commission, rents collected &c. placed in our hands for sale will be advertised for sale without cost to owner.

NO SALE-NO CHARGE

Jacksonville real estate and farm and mineral land along the Jacksonville & Anniston Railroad specially solicited.

The BEST Sewing Machine to Buy

IS THE

SINGER.

ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FAMILY

Over 10,000 SINGER
machines have been made
and sold.
The SINGER has
the perfect
attachment
more modern
improved
finer and more artistic
work is made of better
material and will last longer
and give greater
satisfaction than any
sewing machine in the
world.

Sold on such LIBERAL and EASY terms that every family should
have a SINGER Sewing Machine.
Directly represented everywhere.
FULL INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN ON EVERY MACHINE.
Send for Illustrated Price List. Needles for all kinds of Sewing
15, 20 and 25 cents per dozen, postage extra. Parts and attachments
SINGER MANUFACTURING
Central Office, New Orleans.

G. T. SAWYER,
NO. 910 NOBLE STREET,
ANNISTON, ALA.

WE HAVE A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED Stock of Clothing, Shoes, H

DRY GOODS AND FRESH

In order to change our business we will sell cheaper than the che

Come and See Us
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HAMMOND & CO.
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MONTGOMERY & HENDERSON REAL ESTATE AGENTS

OFFICE NO. 2, CARPENTER BUILDING,
ACKSVILLE, ALABAMA.

No charge for examining Titles and execution of Deeds
permission to Bank of Anniston, Anniston, Ala.

JACKSONVILLE · REPUBLICAN.

"ETERNAL VIGILANCE IS THE PRICE OF LIBERTY."

ESTABLISHED 1837.

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, AUGUST 20, 1892.

VOLUME 56.



A FATAL MALADY.

A NEW JERSEY TOWN UNDER A DARK CLOUD.

A Disease Like Cholera Killing the People—It Is Confined to the Foreign Population.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—New Yorkers troubled with apprehension when they learned through the newspapers that cholera had made its appearance in the little village of Helmetta, forty miles distant in New Jersey, and that already there had been more than a score of deaths from the terrible scourge. An investigation of the reported outbreak showed that it had not been exaggerated.

The local physicians look grave as they give it their unanimous opinion that the disease is not Asiatic cholera, but an acute form of dysentery which develops something similar to it. However that may be, the mortality in Helmetta and the surrounding villages shows conclusively that the situation is critical, and that although the disease may be given some other name, it is uniformly like cholera in its dread results.

Helmetta is situated 10 miles south of New Brunswick, N. J., on the line of the Pennsylvania railroad. The population of the village is about 400, and is made up almost entirely of foreigners, Poles and Hungarians being the dominant nationalities. Nearly all the people are employed in the snuff factory of G. W. Helm, who practically owns the entire village. They live in small houses and for the most part are houses, and these are crowded with boarders. Sanitary laws are disregarded entirely. Of all the inhabitants more than 175 have been attacked by the prevailing malady and 21 have died, 10 of whom were adults and the remainder children.

Already the epidemic has traveled to Spotswood, two miles east of Helmetta, and several families are suffering with the disease there. To the west of Helmetta is Jamesburg, a village of 400 inhabitants. Seven deaths have occurred there and there are now about twenty cases under the treatment of the local physician.

THE FLOOD BENEFITS.

Some Good Will Come Out of the Recent Western Overflows.

ALTON, Ills., Aug. 15.—A trip over the lately submerged district known as Missouri Point, reveals the fact that the recent floods have in reality been of untold benefit to the land, which has not in many years received anything in the way of fertilization. All the high and worn out ground has been rejuvenated by a deposit of from two to three inches of the finest black sandy loam, while the depth of the deposit in lower places reaches to eighteen inches, wonderfully increasing the fertility of this already unsurpassed soil. The crops that were saved were immense, and the grass in the pastures lands is in fine deep, and it is left by the river a full foot of fish, crops and trash, with an occasional German crop, and fisherman gathering a harvest, although bitter complaint is made of illegal seining. In the opinion of many, the damage by the water of the great flood is far eclipsed by the later resultant benefits.

Yellow Fever at Tampa.

JACKSONVILLE, Aug. 15.—A Tampa special gives the following regarding the report here of yellow fever at Quarantine station:

Four cases of yellow fever have developed on board the four-masted American schooner Eva Douglass, which arrived at the Mule Key quarantine station on the 3d, from Havana, on her way to Port Tampa to load with phosphate. The schooner was thoroughly fumigated and then placed in quarantine for five days.

A Cool Robber in New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—A cool robber drove into the dock when the Diadem arrived, Tuesday, and presented an order alleged to have been issued by Cohen & Co., of Water street, for fifty-six bales of tobacco consigned to the bonded warehouse. He loaded the fifty-six bales on the truck and drove off. The investigation showed that the thieves had stolen a license warehouse truck and had forged an order. The value of the stolen bales aggregates \$12,000.

Some Reciprocity Points.

GRAND FORKS, S. D., Aug. 15.—E. E. Reynolds of Toronto, an expert on international law, in a letter to the chamber of commerce, proposed as points in the coming reciprocity convention those in law, arbitration, free trade of consignment, exchange of coin at par, equal rights to vessels and equal rights to citizens to carry on occupations in either country.

Confession of Fire Friend.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, Aug. 15.—Robert Thompson, a barkeeper, long in the employ of Bill Leech, the leading saloonkeeper in Covington, N. C., and Leech has made a confession which destroyed so much property in Covington and Stanton during the last two years at the instigation and pay of Leech. He had planned a plot to destroy rival saloons and avenge himself upon his enemies.

Cholera in St. Petersburg.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 15.—That cholera is now here is officially admitted. A report just issued shows 154 cases and 21 deaths in the city between Aug. 1 and 18. Thus far only the working people have been attacked by the scourge. The conditions under which they live invite attacks, and through ignorance they passively resist the endeavors of the authorities to improve their sanitary conditions.

Cheap Fare for Workingmen.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—The Mail and Express contains a leading editorial proposing a railroad fare of \$1 to Chicago during the World's Fair, for all the workingmen in the United States living within 1,500 miles of Chicago, and showing how the railroads can carry the business with a margin of profit.

CARLISLE'S POSITION.

He Gives His Views on the Silver Coinage Question in Full.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Senator Carlisle has addressed a letter to John A. Lyne, of Henderson, Ky., in answer to his question whether Carlisle had heretofore been in favor of the free coinage of silver, and whether his views on the subject had undergone any change.

Carlisle quotes from his own speech in the house in 1873 when the original Bland bill had been amended by the senate. A part of the quotation reads:

"I am opposed to the free coinage of silver, but in favor of the unlimited coinage of both metals upon terms of exact equality." No discrimination should be made, for in our nation the one who should any discrimination, he who is in favor of holders of either gold or silver and against the great body of people who own other kinds of property. A great government should treat all its citizens and subjects equally, and if it does otherwise it will engender a spirit of discontent which sooner or later must disturb harmony, if not the peace of society."

Carlisle says this paragraph shows precisely what his position then was and always has been on this subject. In conclusion, Carlisle said, "I am in favor of any measure which will fully recognize silver and insure the equality of dollars coined from the two metals and he sincerely hopes that the approaching international monetary conference will be able to reach such an agreement as will meet the approval of all the governments participating in it."

MOB IN ALABAMA.

The Kolb Men Found Officers Tampering with the Ballot Boxes.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 11.—A Birmingham, Ala., dispatch says:

Rockford, the county seat of Cass county, is in a panic. The county seat for Kolb on election, and the Kolb men assert that they caught Jones, probate judge and sheriff, tampering with the boxes after they had been returned to the court house, by which their majority was reduced. Wednesday one hundred armed men, who had marched from the mouth of the river, met half and half and their intention of killing the probate judge, sheriff and circuit clerk, who constituted a returning board, and declared vengeance on all Jones men. The sheriff summoned a posse and a riot was prevented. The mob declared next prepared to execute their will.

Kolb WHL Contest.

MONTGOMERY, Aug. 11.—Ex-Commissioner Kolb, late Alliance candidate for governor, is out in a published letter disputing the claims of Jones' election. The letter concludes:

I have fairly and honestly elected by my constituents, and the people of this state recognize the fact and will see that justice is accorded by placing me at the head of our state government for the next two years.

It. E. KOLB.

The letter creates a sensation and is regarded as evidence of Kolb's intention to challenge the official count, which is nearly completed and fixed. Jones' majority at between 9,000 and 12,000.

RYDER'S CONFESSION.

He Induced His Wife to Make False Statements in Court.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 13.—Henry B. Ryder, the United States consul here, who is under arrest charged with having misappropriated the sum of 200,000 kroners, has confessed that he is guilty of embezzlement.

In his confession Ryder says that he produced false receipts and that he induced his wife to make a false statement when he was arraigned in court. Mrs. Ryder is also under arrest, but it is probable that she will be released.

The receipts which Ryder now admits are forged purport to be acknowledgments of the payment of money by the persons to whom Ryder, in his official capacity should have paid it. These persons have always claimed that they never signed such receipts, though Ryder at first strenuously protested that the signatures were genuine.

C. P. Huntington's Enterprise.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—C. P. Huntington is to furnish a part of the capital for the construction of a railroad in Honduras to complete a line from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Mr. Huntington is to personally talk much about the project now. It is true that I have talked with others to build a line about 200 miles long there. I do not know yet between what points the road will run, or what it will cost, but it will take at least \$2,000,000 or \$3,000,000 to build it. The concession from the government has already been obtained. It promises to be a profitable enterprise. The grades will be easy and the lands valuable and there is need of a shorter route across the Isthmus. It looks as if the Nicaragua canal will not be built and the Panama canal is simply an illusion.

After Twenty-Six Years.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Aug. 15.—Archie Houston, an old and prosperous farmer in Comanche county, has been arrested by State Ranger C. L. Broome, charged with kidnapping Moosa Ozaide, in February, 1886, near the present town of Moody in McLennan county for the purpose of robbery. Mr. Houston is now nearly 70 years of age, and is regarded as an honorable citizen in his community. He is one of the Comanche county leading politicians in the People's party. Houston has been fully identified as the man wanted, and the evidence against him is thought to be very conclusive. The prisoner will be taken to Waco for trial.

Shot Her Lover and Took Poison.

BERWYN, N. J., Aug. 15.—Patrick Quinn, telegraph operator at Delaware station, is lying at his home in Oxford suffering from two pistol-shot wounds in the head and neck, inflicted by Miss Hattie Acres, of Cresco, Pa. Miss Acres regarded Quinn as a lover, and it is said the shooting was the outcome of the desperation of the young woman. The girl, after the shooting, took poison, but recovered. She said that Quinn had wronged her, and that she wished they were both dead.

Arraigned for Murder.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 15.—Lizzie C. Borden was arraigned on a charge of homicide, arising from the killing of her father and step-mother. She pleaded not guilty. The trial was continued until Aug. 22.

PETER TURNER NOMINATED.

Tennessee Held the Shortest Gubernatorial Convention on Record.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 11.—The state Democratic convention met here, with about 150 delegates being present. It was more of a ratification meeting than a convention, only one candidate, Chief Justice Peter Turney, was before it.

Bullock was temporary chairman and made an address. After the appointment of committees and speeches by Senator H. C. Patterson, the convention adjourned until 1:30. During the afternoon session speeches were made by Senator Bate, Congressman Washington and others while waiting for the following proclamation:

UNITED STATES COMMISSION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 27, 1892.

"At the outset of the political campaign which is now pending, it is to be hoped that any discrimination made in any public attention to the provisions of the civil service law in relation to political assessments and contributions, to inform government employees of their rights in the premises, and to warn those not in the government's service, of whatever political party, not to infringe upon their rights. Political assessments under any guise are prohibited by law. The provisions of the law on the subject are as follows:

POLITICAL ACTION.

WORK OF CONVENTIONS IN SEVERAL STATES.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 12.—Commercial Gazette special says: The Republican convention of the 15th, district nominated G. W. Stevenson. As to state affairs it calls for an economical government, reduction of taxes and disengagement of expenses and declares against favors shown public officers by corporations.

KING'S SENTENCE COMMUTED.

HE WILL SERVE OUT THE BALANCE OF HIS LIFE IN THE PEN.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 10.—Governor Buchanan in Nashville has commuted the sentence of Colonel H. C. King who was to have been hanged next Friday for the murder of Davis H. Poston, on March 15 last, on the public streets in that city.

That no government officer or employee shall directly or indirectly solicit or receive in any manner whatever any contribution for political purposes from any other government officer or employee.

That no government officer or employee shall make contribution for political purposes to any other government officer or employee.

That no superior officer shall discriminate against or in favor of any government officer or employee on account of his action in reference to contributions for political purposes. Government employees shall also be free to contribute or not as they see fit, and to contribute to either party according to their preferences; and an employee refusing to contribute must not be discriminated against because of such refusal.

"It is the duty of the commission to see that the provisions of this law are carried out, and it is the duty of every available means to secure the proper enforcement of whoever may violate them. The commission request any person having knowledge of any violation of this law to lay the facts before it, and it will take action upon it, and it will at once take action upon it, and it will be done.

(Signed): Charles Lyman, Theodore Roosevelt, George D. Johnston, commissioners."

This is the first time since the establishment of the civil service commission that its members ever issued an official announcement of this sort.

ROBBED A FARMER.

TWO MASKED MEN HOLD UP JOHN WESTON AND OBTAIN \$1,200.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Aug. 10.—John Weston, a well-to-do farmer, living in the upper portion of Burke county, was robbed of \$1,200 at a station on the Central railroad, fourteen miles from Augusta. Weston came to Augusta and drew from the bank \$1,200 to carry home to pay a debt he owed. He left on the night train with the money for home, and got off at a station known as Bennett's Mill. His home was six miles from the station, and as he turned into the rear yard with necks on command, he was shot and killed.

Weston said he didn't have any money, but the highwayman said that they knew better, that he had \$1,200. They then secured the money and backed off into the woods and disappeared. Weston has no idea who the robbers were. Detectives are now on the case.

NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS.

W. R. KEMP WILL LEAD THE PEOPLE'S PARTY IN THE FIRST GEORGIA.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 11.—The People's party convention met here and nominated W. R. Kemp of Emanuel, as its congressional candidate in the first district to oppose Colonel Rufus E. Lester, the Democratic candidate. There were but twenty-five delegates present, Elizabethtown, Bryan and McIntosh counties being totally unrepresented.

Burke county sent a negro among its delegates, and Columbia, Chester and Greenville, Columbia and Greene, Lawrence, and Franklin counties, each sent one.

It is the opinion of the commission that the natural result appears in grain fields, rank plants, growth and small fruitage with considerable shedding. Grass worms and caterpillars have appeared in the more southern and western districts, no material damage has yet resulted.

The average of condition are Virginia, 85; North Carolina, 88; South Carolina, 81; Georgia, 81; Florida, 81; Alabama, 83; Texas, 83; Arkansas, 75; Tennessee, 79.

SOUTH CAROLINA'S RAILROADS.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 12.—The railroads of South Carolina, in addition to their troubles with the state, are in a bad way financially otherwise. Fifteen of them are in the hands of receivers, as follows: Aiken, Spartanburg, Atlanta and Charlotte, Charleston, Sumter and Northern, Columbia and Chester, Chester and Columbia, Greenville, Laurens, Richland, Port Royal and Western Carolina, South Carolina Railway, Spartanburg, Union and Columbia.

These roads represent more than one-half of the total railroad mileage of the state, 1,457 1/2 miles, out of a total mileage of 2,555 1/2 miles. Considerably more than half of the roads are already in the hands of the courts, simply because they cannot make money with as good a management as most roads have.

The commission denounces lynch law, which was unanimously adopted by the convention.

CLEVELAND TO ITS NAMESAKE.

GOLOVERVILLE, N. Y., Aug. 12.—Ex-President Cleveland has written the following letter to his namesake, Grover C. Day, who will be 8 years old November 10 next:

GRAY GABLES, BIRDSIDE, N. Y., Aug. 8, 1892.

My Dear Little Namesake,

I was very much pleased to receive your letter, and I am sorry to learn that you have been properly instructed in political affairs, and that you are already well grounded in the Democratic faith. I hope you will never be led astray.

Very truly yours,

GROVER CLEVELAND.

THE CAUSE OF CANADIAN EMIGRATION.

MONTRÉAL, Aug. 9.—Mr. T. T. Tetreault, member of the provincial parliament, and one of the members of the commission appointed to inquire into the causes of the emigration of farmers to the United States, has made known the conclusions at which he has arrived. Ranged under seven heads, they are as follows: Poverty of French-Canadians, large families, difficulty of establishing homes, defective cultivation of land, taste for luxury, seizure of household effects and wages for debt, and the plague of peddlers.

PLATE TO VISIT THE PRESIDENT.

THE REPUBLICAN OF GEORGIA.

AT

The Republican.

L. W. GRANT, Publisher.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 20, 1892.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
GROVER CLEVELAND.
For Vice-President,
A. E. STEVENSON.

CAMPAIGN RATE.

For twenty-five cents, strictly in advance, the REPUBLICAN will be sent to any address from now until the 1st of January 1893. This period will cover the Presidential Campaign; the meeting of the State Legislature and the Gubernatorial contest before that body. It will cover the most interesting period of the State for years. Can any man in Calhoun afford to be without the paper at this time? Remember no name will be booked at this low rate without the cash.

Aug 20th.

At the meeting of the Executive Committee of the People's Party in Birmingham the 16th inst., it was determined to put out candidates for Congress in every district in the State. So says Secretary Manning.

Gen. Forney returned from Washington last week. He says the prospects for Democratic success in the East and West is better than ever before. He does not think the defeat in the South will be sufficient to break its solid Democratic column.

The advice of the Alliance Herald to resort to violence has been checked by the conservative Alliancemen of Coosa county. Following the action of the mob which met at Rockford and threatened the lives of the county officers, these conservative men met in Rockford and spoke out for law and order and rebuked mob violence.

Avoid the counsels of violent men. The laws of Alabama provide adequate remedies for all grievances. If any man has been defrauded in the election, the laws provide a way by which he may have his rights declared and adjusted. The safety and honor and welfare of the people depend upon the preservation of law and order.

The official count for Supreme Court Judges and Commissioner of Agriculture was made in Montgomery the 16th. Lane, for Commissioner, received 129,100 and S. M. Adams received 113,183; Lane's majority being 16,917. The vote for Governor and other State officers will not be canvassed until the meeting of the Legislature, as required by law.

The Democratic State Convention of Texas, the 16th, was very inharmonious and finally split. At one time several fights were in progress on the floor at the same time and knives and pistols were freely drawn. At this writing two conventions were in progress and the result will be two candidates for Governor. The Republicans of the North seem to have gotten in their work all over the South in the division of the Democrats.

Propositions are passing between the two Executive Committees of Tallapoosa county with a view to the adjustment of party differences and harmony and the movement meets with the approbation of the people. The majority of both wings of the party in Tallapoosa will vote for Cleveland, and they see no reason why the fight over Jones and Kolb should longer be continued. That is now a matter for the courts and the Legislature to settle, and all law-abiding men should leave it there. Popular discussion of the past campaign cannot settle any rights in the premises and only serves to perpetuate bad feeling and prevent reconciliation between neighbors.

The Kolb and Jones Executive Committees in Marengo county appointed five men to arrange a basis by which the Democratic party in Marengo might be harmonized. The Committee agreed to make as qualified voters in the primaries all who should support Cleveland and the Congressman nominated by the Democratic party in that District; and further that negroes who have supported the Democratic candidates for the last three presidential elections shall be considered competent to vote in the primaries. On this basis an adjustment was had and the party in Marengo is now united and harmonious.

The People's Party State Convention of North Carolina, the 16th inst., nominated Harry Skinner for Governor. In accepting the nomination Mr. Skinner declared that if he accepted the nomination it would be under condition that if he saw that the third party would cause such a division of the white people of the State as to let the Republicans into power, he would have to warn them and bid them turn from their danger. This was greeted with mutterings of discontent and Mr. Skinner was called three times before the convention, as the delegates were not satisfied with his position. His third speech not being more satisfactory, there was much discontent and he was taken off the ticket.

Democrats can draw their own conclusions.

A gentleman who supported Capt. Kolb in the late election, said in Jacksonville a few days ago that he did not want to see Kolb Governor if he has not been fairly elected. Neither do the Jones men want to see Jones Governor if he has not been fairly elected. So on this head it may be taken as a fact that honest men on both sides are agreed. Why not then agree to stop fighting word battles over the late contest and await the determination of the matter as will be provided for by law. We undertake to say that Governor Jones would not have the office if it could be shown that he was not fairly entitled to it by the fairly expressed will of a free people. All these appeals to passion by Mr. Bowman and the ill-advised counsel of the All-American Herald to the followers of Capt. Kolb to resort to violence and refuse to pay taxes is the merest bush and is only calculated to get men into trouble. No friend of the people will counsel them to violence, where the law provides a remedy for the ascertainment and preservation of their rights.

The issue between the State troops in Tennessee and the miners has at last been joined in battle and blood has flowed freely. The situation is a very grave one. The lessers of the convicts are talking of surrendering their leases. It is time for them to do so. When it comes to employing two soldiers to guard one man at work a change is evidently necessary. The whole difficulty grows out of greed for money. When men who control vast aggregations of capital shall learn to let labor have a just reward for the sweat of the brow, there will be no more strife. Men do not fight and lay down their lives for nothing. There must be a great wrong at the bottom of a system which makes labor so restless and so desperate.

As we go to press, desperate fighting is going on in Tennessee, between the miners and troops at Coal Creek, and thousands of armed men on both sides are hurrying to the scene. The whole militia of the State has been called out. There has been great loss of life and the most intense excitement reigns throughout the State.

Gov. Buchanan, of Tennessee, having been overwhelmingly beaten by Judge Turney for the Democratic nomination is an independent candidate for Governor.

County Commissioners.

The REPUBLICAN printed last week the official vote for Commissioners of the First District. Below will be found the vote for the various candidates in the Second, Third and Fourth Districts:

SECOND DISTRICT.

Oxford—DeArman, 158; Shadwell 18; Hanna 41.

Amistown—DeArman 92; Shadwell 36; Hanna 74.

DeArmanville—DeArman, 155; Shadwell 5; Hanna 16.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Alexandria—Coker 248; Martin 161; McMillan 7; Dickie 7.

Muskogee—Coker 187; Martin 12; McMillan 50; Dickie 17.

Hopville—Coker 59; Martin 49; Mayfield 18; Dickie 1.

Stephens Springs—Coker 90; Martin 2; Mayfield 63.

Olapichee—Coker 108; Martin 11; Mayfield 33; Dickie 9.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Peeks Hill—Palmer 36; Duke 65; McCollum 76; Patterson 2; Kerr 2; Hollingsworth—Savage 42; Palmer 22; Duke 11; McCollum 100; Patterson 22.

Green's—Savage 28; Palmer 40; McCollum 35; Patterson 63.

Piedmont—Savage 94; Palmer 225; Peeler 1; McCollum 1; Patterson 4; Kerr 15.

Ladiga—Savage 58; Palmer 48; Duke 1; McCollum 5; Kerr 1.

TOTAL VOTE.

Second District—DeArman 1335; Shadwell 327; Hanna 501.

Third District—Coker 691; Martin 238; Mayfield 174; Dickie 61.

Fourth District—Savage 222; Peeler 57; Duke 78; McCollum 27; Patterson 18; Kerr 18.

The goodly news which comes from the election in Alabama is truly grateful. The people there have shown that they know that the only hope is in the old tried Simon pure democracy, and not in experimenting with new third party ideas. Let North Carolina do likewise.—Raleigh (N. C.) News and Observer.

Battle at Oliver Springs.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 16.—A bulletin just received from Knoxville says: After a desperate fight at Oliver between the troops and miners, the former were forced to retreat, and now have 200 convicts, bringing them to this place.

Governor Buchanan announces that he does not know what he will do concerning the convicts who have been sent back to this city. The Governor inclines to the opinion that the Board of Prison Inspectors should declare the lease void, because the lessees claim that the authorities do not protect them against mobs and insurrections, and that until they are protected in their working of convicts they will not pay for the support of convicts.

SOUTH CAROLINA

Will Go for Ben Tillman and Grover Cleveland.

Mr. W. A. Bowman of Sumter, S. C., is in Birmingham on a visit to his brother, Mr. P. G. Bowman. He reports that South Carolina will elect Ben Tillman governor and give her electoral vote to Cleveland for a safe and solid majority. The alliance of the Palmetto State are democrats and will stand by the Island of San Domingo itself.

THEY HAVE FUN.

Kolbites and Populists Make a Coalition.

The Kolb state executive committee met in this city yesterday. So did the state executive committee of the populists. Chairman Bowman presided over our and Chairman Gaither over the other.

There was a full attendance of the Kolb committee. Captain Kolb himself was present.

There was also a good attendance of the populists.

Each committee discussed among itself how it loved the other committee.

All was love and harmony, and there was finally a unanimous resolution that "we be brethren."

Then they got together and embraced.

They then concocted a plan to try and beat Cleveland in Alabama. Some prominent republicans were in town. What they had to do with it was not announced.

Chairman Moseley doesn't give away his hand. But it was stated by those high in authority that the republicans loved both the Kolbites and the populists too well to intrude upon the marriage ceremony.

The republicans will shew off, they say, and let the democrats and the Kolb-Weaver coalition fight it out, taking care only to vote with the coalition.

In brief, the two committees, after a day's labor, were jointly delivered of the following:

CALL.

The members of the Jeffersonian democracy and the people's party of Alabama are requested to meet at the court house of their respective counties, or such other place as may be designated, on Saturday, September 10, 1892, in mass meeting or convention for the purpose of expressing their indignation on account of the frauds and outrages perpetrated in the recent state election in Alabama, and also to appoint ten delegates to a state convention to be held in Birmingham on Thursday, the 15th day of September, 1892, to nominate candidates for congressmen for the respective districts and presidential electors, and also to transact such other business as may come before said convention. The apportionment of representation will be fixed by said convention, and the delegates from each district respectively will nominate the candidate for congressman from that district.

In counties where delegates have already been selected, their ratification by these mass meetings or conventions will be sufficient and meet the demands.

P. G. BOWMAN,
Chairman State Democratic Executive Committee.

GEO. F. GAITHER,
Chairman People's Party Executive Committee, State of Alabama.

The announcement was made yesterday by Mr. Gaither that General Weaver himself would be in Alabama on September 14, and that an invitation to address the convention on the 15th would undoubtedly be accepted. Accordingly, General Weaver will be invited and will no doubt be present.

There is high authority for saying the republicans will join with the coalition in voting for its congressmen and electoral ticket.—Age-Herald 17th inst.

Lawlessness Rampant.

There is a tribunal ordained by the Constitution of Alabama for the trial of contests over the governorship. That tribunal is the most august body that meets in the State, the General Assembly of the representatives of the people. Before that high court, the contesting candidate for Governor will carry his case. The Jeffersonian Democratic party, as it calls itself, will there meet in combat the organized and regular Democracy of the State, prepared to assert its title to the office. We don't undertake to say what is best for these poor stockholders, but we do, say, and that with great emphasis, that if there had been a little investigation made before this \$100,000 stock had been subscribed and paid for, not a dollar would have been lost. The stockholders need blame no one but themselves.

THE AFTERMATH.

The Republicans Planning to Capture Alabama for Harrison.

The New York Commercial-Advertiser, now one of the most bitter republican papers in New York, has the following in reference to the Alabama election:

There will be an aftermath of the election in Alabama. Jones, the regular democratic candidate for governor, claims to have beaten Kolb, the alliance and republican candidate by 10,000. This majority is said to have been obtained in the so-called "black belt" of the state.

Honest voters of the north will be furnished with evidence of the glaring frauds perpetrated to save Alabama to the democratic party. This evidence will be obtained by a contest in the Alabama courts, and possibly in the United States courts. Prominent republicans who have been interested propose to see that the whole affair is thoroughly ventilated.

"A gentleman connected with the management of the national campaign said to a Commercial Advertiser reporter this morning: 'Kolb was elected governor of Alabama. We can make this clear at the proper time. Southern democrats are shrewd and desperate, but they have overreached themselves at last. This election will be carried into the courts, and we will prove that Jones was beaten. We will not have to do this by the testimony of blacks alone, but by the evidence of the best white men in Alabama, and the testimony will be appalling to the voters of the north.'

Kolb's plans were well laid. He knew his strength among the whites and when he asked for republican assistance it was granted. It was understood that the "black belt" would be the scene of the democratic fraud. Recognizing this, the Kolbites and the republican leaders requested the negroes to refrain from voting, to stay away from polling places entirely, for if they voted they would be counted for Jones.

"All this was done quietly and it worked effectively. Not 10 per cent of the negroes voted, but we did not guess the extent to which the democratic managers would go. Returns from the "black belt," as furnished by the democrats, show an increased vote over the previous elections.

"Now this will be brought out in the courts of Alabama. We hardly expect a favorable or fair decision there, but the fight will be made anyway. Eminent lawyers believe that a technicality can be introduced at the trial by which a writ of error can be brought in the United States court. Presumably this would be based on the section of the constitution of the United States guaranteeing to each state a republican form of government."

American Investments has the following to relate touching some victims of the Tallapoosa villainy.

"Chicago parties holding over \$100,000 of the stock of the Georgia-Alabama Investment and Development Company, represented by about 500 people, had a meeting the other day which was somewhat of the nature of a Fiji Island picnic. Of those present one-third were women. The purpose of the meeting was to devise some method whereby the suffering stockholders could realize a little on their investment. Mr. Norton, the receiver, rehearsed the status of the company, which was not flattering bright. The women present were compelled to listen to talk about assets consisting of glass and iron fixtures, vacant lots, etc., etc., which certainly must have been edifying. The general tone of those present was that high court, the contesting candidate for Governor will carry his case. The Jeffersonian Democratic party, as it calls itself, will there meet in combat the organized and regular Democracy of the State, prepared to assert its title to the office. We don't undertake to say what is best for these poor stockholders, but we do, say, and that with great emphasis, that if there had been a little investigation made before this \$100,000 stock had been subscribed and paid for, not a dollar would have been lost. The stockholders need blame no one but themselves.

See 2. That before the names of any person shall be placed on the pension roll under this act, proof shall be made under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, of the right of an applicant to a pension; and any person who shall falsely and corruptly take any oath required under this act shall be deemed guilty of perjury; and the Secretary of the Interior shall cause to be stricken from the pension roll the name of any person whenever it shall be made to appear by proof satisfactory to him that such name was put upon said roll through false and fraudulent representations, and that such person is not entitled to a pension under this act. The loss or the certificate of discharge shall not deprive any person of the benefits of this act, but other evidence of services performed and of an honorable discharge may be deemed sufficient.

See 3. That before the names of any person shall be placed on the pension roll under this act, proof shall be made under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, of the right of an applicant to a pension; and any person who shall falsely and corruptly take any oath required under this act shall be deemed guilty of perjury; and the Secretary of the Interior shall cause to be stricken from the pension roll the name of any person whenever it shall be made to appear by proof satisfactory to him that such name was put upon said roll through false and fraudulent representations, and that such person is not entitled to a pension under this act. The loss or the certificate of discharge shall not deprive any person of the benefits of this act, but other evidence of services performed and of an honorable discharge may be deemed sufficient.

See 4. That this act shall not apply to any person who is receiving a pension at the rate of eight dollars per month or more, nor to any person receiving a pension of less than eight dollars per month, except for the difference between the pension now received (if less than eight dollars per month) and eight dollars per month.

See 5. That the pension laws now in force, which are not inconsistent or in conflict with this act, are hereby made a part of this act, so far as they may be applicable thereto.

See 6. That section forty-seven of the Revised Statutes is hereby repealed, so far as the same relates to this act or to pensioners under this act.

Approved, July 27th, 1892.

INDIAN WAR VETERANS.

Full Text of the Law Granting Them Pensions.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 9th '92
Editor Advertiser.—I enclose to you the act of Congress approved July 27th to pension the soldiers of the Indian wars, which I hope you will publish and that it will be copied by all the newspapers in the State for the information of those interested therein. I took a deep interest in the bill and aided its passage through the House of Representatives, knowing that there are many old men and women, in very needy circumstances in our State who will be benefited thereby. Every one entitled to a pension under this act should apply to Mr. Green B. Baum, Commissioner of Pensions. Washington, D. C., for blank forms of application and instructions, and then get up their proof to sustain such application; and when completed, forward the same to General Taunton. Each one will have to wait his turn, and it will be several months—perhaps a year—before all the cases are readied and acted upon, so great is the volume of business in the Pension Bureau.

Any one who wishes to apply for pension and will follow these plain directions, need not write to any member of Congress or Washington attorney. Most of the lawyers at home will fill out the blanks for these applicants without charge.

Very respectfully,
Wm. G. Gates.

The following is the full text of the law:

An act granting pensions to the survivors of the Indian wars of eighteen hundred and thirty-two to eighteen hundred and forty-two inclusive, known as the Black Hawk war, Creek war, Cherokee disturbances, and the Seminole war.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby authorized and directed to place on the pension roll names of the surviving officers and enlisted men, including marines, militia and volunteers of the military and naval service of the United States, who served for thirty days in the Black Hawk war, the Creek war, the Cherokee disturbances, or the Florida war with the Seminole Indians, embracing a period from eighteen hundred and forty-two inclusive, and forty-two inclusive, and such other officers as may have been honorably discharged, and such other officers, soldiers, and sailors as may have been personally named in any resolution of Congress, for any specific service in said Indian wars, although their term of service may have been less than thirty days, and the surviving widows of such officers and enlisted men: Provided, That such widows have not married; Provided further, That this act shall not apply to any person not a citizen of the United States.

Sec. 2. That pensions under this act shall be at the rate of eight dollars per month, and payable from and after the passage of this act, for any day beginning the first day of September 1892, to the pensioner.

Sec. 3. That before the names of any person shall be placed on the pension roll under this act, proof shall be made under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, of the right of an applicant to a pension; and any person who shall falsely and corruptly take any oath required under this act shall be deemed guilty of perjury; and the Secretary of the Interior shall cause to be stricken from the pension roll the name of any person whenever it shall be made to appear by proof satisfactory to him that such name was put upon said roll through false and fraudulent representations, and that such person is not entitled to a pension under this act. The loss or the certificate of discharge shall not deprive any person of the benefits of this act, but other evidence of services performed and of an honorable discharge may be deemed sufficient.

Sec. 4. That before the names of any person shall be placed on the pension roll under this act, proof shall be made under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, of the right of an applicant to a pension; and any person who shall falsely and corruptly take any oath required under this act shall be deemed guilty of perjury; and the Secretary of the Interior shall cause to be stricken from the pension roll the name of any person whenever it shall be made to appear by proof satisfactory to him that such name was put upon said roll through false and fraudulent representations, and that such person is not entitled to a pension under this act. The loss or the certificate of discharge shall not deprive any person of the benefits of this act, but other evidence of services performed and of an honorable discharge may be deemed sufficient.

Sec. 5. That the pension laws now in force, which are not inconsistent or in conflict with this act, are hereby made a part of this act, so far as they may be applicable thereto.

Sec. 6. That section forty-seven of the Revised Statutes is hereby repealed, so far as the same relates to this act or to pensioners under this act.

Approved, July 27th, 1892.

ALL LOVELY.

The Kolb Convention At Goodwater Condemned The Lawless Mob.

GOODWATER, Aug. 15.—No disturbances occurred at Rockford today. About 200 Kolbites assembled and transacted their business in an orderly manner. Resolutions were passed condemning the acts of the lawless mob. Congressman Cobb was present and delivered a conciliatory address of considerable length, which was well received.

The people would like to know on what theory it is that Kolb, Adams and Bowman, swear that when the negro vote comes up for Jones in certain counties, the returns are fraudulent, while in other counties the returns are honest and fair? They have to take the advanced position that a negro vote for Jones is necessarily fraudulent, while one for Kolb is necessarily legal and fair. Do they think they can hoodwink the people with such stuff as that?—Montgomery Advertiser.

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The Republican.

Issued Weekly.

Rates of Advertising.

Transient advertisements \$1 per square, and one inch inches \$1 per line. Local and general \$1 per line. All notices must be handed in Thursday before to insure insertion.

SUBSCRIPTION RATE.

One dollar per year, Six months, Twenty-five cents. Thirty months, Forty cents. Subscriptions must be paid in advance. No name will be booked unless accompanied by the order.

Church Services.

St. Luke's Episcopal Church—W. T. Allen, Rector—Services with sermon, 2nd Sunday in each month at 11 o'clock a.m., and 7 p.m. All are invited.

Sunday School at 9:30 a.m., Geo H. Montgomery, Superintendent. Public always welcome.

Baptist Church—Rev. W. J. Smith, pastor—Services every Sunday at 11 a.m. Sunday School at 10:30 a.m.

Methodist Church—Rev. E. A. Rogers, pastor—Services every 1st and 3rd Sunday at 11 o'clock a.m., and 7 o'clock p.m.

Sunday School at 10:30 a.m. every Sunday. Rev. J. D. Hammon, Supt. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night.

Presbyterian Church—Rev. R. A. Bowmen, pastor—Services every 2nd and 4th Sunday at 10:30 a.m., and 7 o'clock p.m. Prayer meeting every Thursday night.

Episcopal Church—Rev. W. F. Montgomery, Supt. Sunday School every Sunday morning at 9:30 o'clock. H. F. Montgomery, Supt.

Mr. Walt Driskill is visiting his father's family.

Mrs. Laddie Bowling is visiting friends in Jacksonville.

Mrs. Vance, of Birmingham, is visiting relatives here.

Mr. Wm. H. Dean has returned from a visit to Birmingham.

Messrs. Joshua and Tom Draper, of Oxford, were in Jacksonville Wednesday.

Mr. Ed. Driskill, of Flint Rock Ga., is visiting his father's family at this place.

Mr. T. W. Cannon, of Selma, has been in Jacksonville this week visiting his sister, Mrs. Swan.

Mr. Watt Privett, of Memphis Tenn., is visiting relatives in Jacksonville this week.

Mrs. Bessie Reid of Macon, Ga., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Wm. Adams of this place.

Grey Meharg and his cousin Mr. Smith of Greyton were in town one day last week.

Messrs. A. H. Dean and R. J. Middleton, of Attalla are in Jacksonville this week.

Dr. A. J. Battle President of Shorter College, it will preach at the Baptist Church Sunday.

Rev. L. G. Hanes has been on a visit to Texas, but has returned to his charge at Vine Hill.

Inspection and stamp—\$1.00.

PROVINCIAL MAPPERS.

All dealers keep it \$1 per bottle. Genuine here.

Some of the material for the finishing of the Tredegar mineral has come in, and soon the whistle will blow at the foot of the hill.

We understand that twelve hundred thousand dollars have been secured to build the "Piedmont, Birmingham and Birmingham R. R." The mortgage has been recorded in our record book, and John Laney is president of the road.

Mr. Jim Adams, who farms on the a few Wakeley place at Germania stands us two bolts of open cotton. He says he noticed open cotton early last week. Jim is a thorough farmer and that place shows it this year, as it has finer crops than for years.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES.

You are all worn out, really good for nothing.

PROVEN IRON SPATIERS.

All dealers keep it \$1 per bottle. Genuine here.

There are eight cases of fever in the house at Germania. Two of these are of a continued type. These are the only cases we have heard of in our neighborhood, has been exceptionally healthy this spring and summer.

Our doctors have been unusually ill during the summer, we see their visits on our streets at all times, in fact we scarcely ever miss them from town. This speaks volumes for the salubrity of our climate.

The city council, by request of the citizens of Jacksonville, has resolved the houses of the beef market men, their consent, and the people of the country are now at liberty to sell meat from their wagons, to the town in any quantity.

Old Dr. Cheege, of Plat Rock, Clay county, was visiting friends at Germania this week. The Dr. is about eighty years old and is as active and spry as some of our youngest M. D.'s. He is fair to count his hundred years of life. Long life to the good old man.

Notwithstanding the hard times Jacksonville continues to improve.

Mr. Remagnano has just completed

iron front two story brick store

in the public square and is putting

up his old business house to build

another, and Mr. R. L. Vansant is

building a beautiful stone finished

brick store house on depot street.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The recently elected United States Senator of Georgia, General John B. Gordon, says:

Mr. A. K. Hawkes—Dear Sir: The

pantoscopic glasses you furnished me

since time give excellent satis-

faction. I have tested them by use,

and must say they are unequalled in

clearness and brilliancy by any that

I have ever worn.

State Normal School Announcement.

BYHALIA, MISS., Aug 8, 1892.
A long spell of sickness of a month or more has compelled me to send out a simple announcement of the State Normal School instead of the regular catalogue.

This, while unavoidable, is to be regretted, for it is a deplorable

public, in judging of the comparative merits of schools and teachers, are often, though perhaps unconsciously, influenced by elaborate catalogues and commencement dis-

plays.

The announcement has, in a concise form, all the necessary information in regard to the school, and will be given or mailed to any one who will be troubled to ask or write for it.

Apply to

PROF. JACOB FORNEY

Jacksonville, Ala.

or B. E. JACKMAN, President,

Byhalia, Miss.

Elaborate Catalogue will appear

about Sept. 1st.

AT REST.

In Memory of our Mother.

Once more the golden bowl is broken, the silver cord is loosed to admit another ransomed soul through heaven's pearl gate! Francis Dickie, wife of Washington Dickie, was born in C. in 1832, removed to Alabama with her parents, James and Drady Browning 1837, died June 15th 1892, 59 years, 11 months and 9 days.

A good and kind wife, affectionate mother and grandmother, 34 years of her life she walked a Christian path at the foot of the cross and to day she wears the white robe of the saint and the bright crown of glory. When that precious tongue would utter words of consolation, "children I can not stay with you much longer but I don't fear death; I only hate to leave you; my road is bright and clear; my home above." We do not feel like we have lost our mother. Still we know she is gone from us, but not forever. We only feel like we have given her back to Him that giveth, and while we know we have no mother on earth and feel like our earthly comfort has fled, may we, by the grace of the living God, realize that we have one in heaven while we know her body silently sleeps beneath the sod. She left the sweet comforting and consoling words that we know her soul rests on sweet beds of peace in heaven's eternal light. She has gone home from a world of sorrow to a world of joy and peace.

May we meet the fair, the pure and loving one beyond this vale where there will be no parting, no more farewell tears shed. Mother has gone to the loved one that crossed the cold stream of death before her—the loving brother.

We feel that we will no more on

earth meet her bright and cheery

smiles nor grasp her strong faithful

and loving hand, nor hear her de-

parting voice and it fills our hearts with sorrow; but father, brothers and sisters why do we weep over the absence of the loving and loved one? Remember she was willing to die. While upon her deathbed she would say "I am ready and willing to die," and she craved for the hour to come when the snow-white angels should hover round her dying bed to bear the weary spirit where saints immortal reign.

Minister Harden attended her funeral services and the song: "Why do we mourn departing friends?" was sung. While we know by death's unsparing hand we must part, how sweet is the thought one by one we are going home; that Jesus conveys us safely home to loved ones not lost, but gone before.

Written by two sad and lonely

daughters who weep over the absence of the loving mother.

MATTIE AND TELIA.

TIME TABLE

of the E. & W. R. R.

Trains arrive going East 12:37 P.M.

West 2:08 P.M.

Make close connection both going to and returning from Gadsden, at Duke Station.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The recently elected United States Senator of Georgia, General John B. Gordon, says:

Mr. A. K. Hawkes—Dear Sir: The

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since time give excellent satis-

faction. I have tested them by use,

and must say they are unequalled in

clearness and brilliancy by any that

I have ever worn.

Respectfully,

JOHN B. GORDON,

Ex-Governor of State of Georgia.

All eyes fixed and the fit guar-

anteed to the Drug Store of Dr. J. M. Crook. Jacksonville, Ala.

Nature should be

assisted to throw

off impurities of the

blood. Nothing

does it so well, so

promptly, or so

safely as Swift's

Specific.

LIFE HAD NO CHARM.

For three years I was troubled with

malaria which caused my appetite to fall,

and I was greatly reduced in flesh, and life

lost all its charms. I tried mercurial and

potash remedies, but to no effect. I could

get no relief. I then decided to try

Swift's

Specific.

It is a wonderful

medicine made a complete and permanent

cure, and I now enjoy better health than ever.

J. A. Rice, Ottawa, Kan.

Notwithstanding the hard times Jacksonville continues to improve.

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in the public square and is putting

up his old business house to build

another, and Mr. R. L. Vansant is

building a beautiful stone finished

brick store house on depot street.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Our book on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

SWIFT'S

CURES

MALARIAL

POISON

Specific.

Lizzie Allen,

by E. M. Reid, agent.

SWIFT'S

Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Sunday School Association.

Each Sunday School in the county is requested to select at least three delegates on next Sunday to the meeting of Sunday School Association which meets in Anniston Sept. 1st and 2nd. Forward names of all delegates immediately to Mr. C. Coffield chairman of the entertainment com.

J. C. LEGRAND, chair.)

E. C. ANDERSON, sec.)

EX. com.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. Angier, M. D.,

111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of Castoria is so general and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."

CARLOS MARTIN, D. D.

"The Wistrop," 12th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.

TIME TABLE NO. 73, BETWEEN CARTERSVILLE AND PELL CITY

The Republican.

L. W. GRANT, Publisher.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1892.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
GROVER CLEVELAND.

For Vice-President,
A. E. STEVENSON.

CAMPAIGN RATE.

For twenty-five cents, strictly in advance, the REPUBLICAN will be sent to any address from now until the 1st of January 1893. This period will cover the Presidential Campaign; the meeting of the State Legislature and the Gubernatorial contest before that body. It will cover the most interesting period of the State for years. Can any man in Calhoun afford to be without the paper at this price? Remember no name will be booked at this low rate without the cash.

Aug 20th.

TRE SITUATION.

Last week the REPUBLICAN said the Jones men did not want to see Jones Governor if he had not been fairly elected and declared that Gov. Jones would not have the office if it could be shown he was not fairly entitled to it by the fairly expressed will of a free people.

That we did not underestimate the Governor is shown in an interview, published elsewhere, which he had a few days ago with Mr. Chappel Cory, editor of the Birmingham Age-Herald.

The constitution of the State from the earliest years of its existence has required the legislature to pass laws governing a contest for State officers, but for some reason it has never been done, and today there is no provision by which the title of any State office can be contested. All the legislature can do is to open the returns and declare the result as certified from the counties. According to these returns, as shown in the case of Lane and Adams, Jones has received nearly sixteen thousand majority, and, in the absence of any action on the part of the Legislature, will inevitably be the next Governor.

But the correctness of these returns has been challenged by Kolb, Bowman and others. They declare that if Kolb could contest and properly sift these returns, it would be found that Kolb is elected by a large majority.

This is precisely what Gov. Jones proposes to afford him an opportunity of doing. At the last session of the Legislature, two years ago, Gov. Jones sent a message to the Legislature calling the attention of that body to the fact that a law providing for contests for State offices should be enacted. That such a law was not passed then is no fault of the Governor. Mr. S. M. Adams and the Alliance people cannot be heard to complain that it was not done, because the Alliance had eighty-five out of one hundred members of the House and Mr. Adams was the leader of the Alliance forces in the House. Why they did not respond to the suggestion of the Governor, they can best tell.

So, the present situation is in no way chargeable to the Governor; yet he comes forward, of his own motion, and declares that he believes he is honestly elected; but if not he doesn't want the office, and promises to urge the Legislature to provide Mr. Kolb a means of contest, and if the sixty days session is not enough time for him to make his contest in to call the Legislature in extra session at the end of the regular session and give him all the time he wants.

What can be fairer than this? Is not such a course a manly one? Is it not bound to win the respect of all fair men on both sides?

In view of this attitude of the Governor, fair men, who desire to see the right prevail, cannot longer tolerate the efforts of Bowman and the Alliance Herald to keep alive the fires of anger between the late contending wings of the Democracy.

The action of the State Executive Committee of the organized Democracy in wiping out old lines and declaring that a man's attitude as to Jones and Kolb shall be no test of future participation in the beat meetings and primaries and higher conventions of the party went far in the direction of reconciliation and showed a disposition on the part of the Jones men to have peace with their brethren who voted for Kolb. This friendly advance was met by Bowman and the Alliance Herald with the statement that it was easy for the Jones men to offer to "make friends," since they proposed to hold on to the fruits of the victory, which they had cheated the Kolb men out of; and that there could be no reconciliation as long as the Kolb people were denied their rights. There was some thing in this claim, if these parties really believed Kolb had been elected; but now comes Gov. Jones and says a tribunal for the trial of the issue will be provided by law and he is willing to submit the whole case to that, and that he does not want to be Governor if it be found he has not been fairly elected. This knocks the last prop out from under the men who are engaged in fomenting strife in the party.

Now we submit to our readers the question, what more could the Jones men do towards reconciliation than they have done? If the Kolb men do not accept the olive branch thus tendered, will not the responsibility

lie in Alabama and the possible election of a Republican president upon their heads?

When all cause of complaint is thus removed, if men support Weaver or Harrison, will it not be because they really desire to go out of the Democratic party?

To such as really desire to go, we say this is a free country, but, after the fair overtures of the Jones wing of the party, you cannot truthfully say you were driven out of it by the unfairness of your late opponents.

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Aug 20th.

FOURTH DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The Fourth District Convention at Calera nominated Mr. Gaston A. Robbins, of Dallas, on the seventy-first ballot. The names placed in nomination before the convention were Lane, of Calhoun; Browne, of Talladega and Robbins, Burns and Irwin of Dallas. The convention was harmonious. The nominee is a good Democrat and accomplished gentleman who will represent the District well in Congress.

At a late county convention of the Kolbites in Cherokee county, fidelity to the National Democratic party and Cleveland, its nominee, was pledged in the following ringing resolution:

Resolved (1). That we stand with both feet, without tiptoe, on the Chicago platform of 1892.

SETTLED BY LAW.

GOVERNOR JONES MAKES A SIMPLE STATEMENT.

He is for the Constitution--A Declaration that Will Satisfy Every Honest Democrat in Alabama.

Montgomery, Aug. 20--A few days after the recent election the Age-Herald stated in a brief paragraph that the only plan of settling existing difficulties in the political situation was based on the pure patrician and saintly character of Thomas G. Jones. I have never for one moment doubted how Governor Jones felt about the situation, and that when the proper time came he would declare himself along the only right line in such plain and unmistakable terms as to set at rest the evils and doubts and desires of every honest man, whether he voted for Jones or voted Kolb. Governor Jones could no more rest in the office of governor under the wholesale imputations of political fraud that are being made against his supporters than he could, as a private citizen, rest under an accusation that he held by a false and fraudulent title the house which shelters his family. The man is built that way, and, in using this homely phrase, I mean no descent from the dignity surrounding this subject.

I have never believed for a moment that all the clamor of all the people of Alabama combined in one persistent and loud roar, could shake his determination to hold the right which the people gave him at the ballot box and discharge whatever duties that trust carried with it. I have never for moment believed that all the pressure the entire democratic party could bring to bear, if it should differ with him, would swerve him from the constitutional path or prevent him from seeking at the hands of the next general assembly a vindication of his title or a declaration of the issue according to the truth and the law. Not two weeks before the election, in a conversation regarding the evident purpose of the Kolb leaders to raise the cry of having been cheated, Governor Jones told me that he had called to the attention of the last general assembly the failure to enact laws for making operative the section of the state constitution relating to contests for governor, and had recommended that this important duty be no longer neglected. The fact that such failure to provide by law for a constitutional contest might now inure to his interest, would be certain as death or taxes to bring from him a renewal of his recommendation to the incoming legislature and a prompt demand for a settlement of the issue made against him by the opposition, in the forum ordained by the constitution.

Indeed, a declaration of such a purpose on the part of Governor Jones was not needed to assure those who know the man what he will do. But in the present constitution of affairs such a declaration is all that can be done to satisfy the honest minds of the opposition and to assure the supporters of organized democracy that the party really believed Kolb had been elected; but now comes Gov. Jones and says a tribunal for the trial of the issue will be provided by law and he is willing to submit the whole case to that, and that he does not want to be Governor if it be found he has not been fairly elected. This knocks the last prop out from under the men who are engaged in fomenting strife in the party.

Now we submit to our readers the question, what more could the Jones men do towards reconciliation than they have done? If the Kolb men do not accept the olive branch thus tendered, will not the responsibility

lie in the Force Bill?

The R. P. declarations in 1892 in favor of a bill regulating elections; the recommendations in the messages of President Harrison which brought forth the Lodge-Davison bill; the reaffirmation in the Republican platform of 1892 of a demand for such a bill, and a declaration to the effect that the party will "never relax" its efforts until such a bill is secured, makes it necessary for every Democrat, whether he intends to vote for Weaver or Cleveland, fully understand the nature and the scope of the measure.

The Courier-Journal has published this bill several times, but it takes a lawyer to analyze such a bill and show how it would operate. The best dissection of the Force Bill from the standpoint of the lawyer is that made by Speaker Crisp. In a letter to his constituents, acknowledging his renomination, Mr. Crisp calls their attention to the three great issues upon which Republicans and Democrats divide. These are the Tariff, the Force Bill and economy in public expenditures. In discussing the Force Bill, Judge Crisp says:

"The Republican party is pledged to the enactment of a Federal Election law. I have before me, as I write, the bill passed by the last Republican House on that subject. This bill may be fairly considered as an authoritative expression of the kind and character of law which Republican success at the next election will inflict upon us."

"I cannot, within the proper scope of such a letter as this, enumerate all its remarkable provisions."

"It gives to the Judges of the United States Circuit Courts the power of appointing election officers of the States. It gives to the election officers so appointed the power to designate an unlimited number of Deputy Marshals, who may be employed for a number of days prior to each election, at \$5 per day. (A thousand or more might be appointed in each Congressional district in Georgia.)

"It authorizes the use of arms of the United States to preserve the peace at the polls.

"It gives to judges of the United States Courts the power of appointing a canvassing or returning board for each State, who shall certify whom the people have elected to Congress.

"It requires the Clerk of the House of Representatives to place on the roll of members-elect the names of the persons holding such certificates, so that they may participate as members in the organization of the House.

"It authorizes officers of the United States to supervise and control the registration of voters.

"It authorizes such officers to ascertain the legality of any registered voter.

"It provides for the payment of all these officers out of the Federal Treasury, and authorizes the employment of many of them for as much as eight days before an election.

"Finally, it makes permanent appropriation of your money for the execution of the law.

"This enumeration of the provisions of the bill, meager though it is, must make it plain to all men that if we are enacted into law, the people would lose all voice in the selection or control of the officers who manage and certify the result of their elections."

"A Judge of the Circuit Court of the United States, who is himself appointed by the President and holds his office for life, appoints the election officers. All these Judges, save two, are Republican in politics. If election officers abuse or betray their trust, they are not responsible to the people. The source of their power and authority is the Judge who appointed them. If a Republican Judge, to advance the interests of his party, abuses his trust, he would not--should this bill become a law--be responsible to the people. Our Constitution intended that he should be, and to that end lodged in the people's representatives in Congress the power of impeachment, but this law removes that responsibility by permitting the appointee of the Judge to determine who is your duly elected Representative. If a partisan Judge appoints partisan election officers, who falsely certify that he whom you have defeated at the polls in your duly elected Representative, what remedy have you? The partisan election officers are alone responsible to the partisan Judge, and the partisan Judge can only be impeached by Representatives in Congress who hold their offices by virtue of a certificate from the partisan election officers. This is a mockery of responsibility."

"Let every Democrat cut out this statement concerning the Force Bill and ask every Harrison or Weaver candidate for Congress or for Elector, why he thinks such a measure dead, and how he can do anything or say anything to make the passage of such a bill possible."

"Remember that every vote for Weaver is in effect a vote for Harrison, and the election of Harrison means

Continual extravagance in public expenditures;

An indefinite extension of the Robber Tariff;

The passage of the Force Bill.

C. C.

The Marshall county citizens who voted for Kolb will vote for Cleveland.

Do ye mind that, Brother Manning?--Age-Herald.

What is the Force Bill?

The government at Washington spends \$450,000,000 a year. Of that sum, making all due allowances for our poverty, which disables our people, many of them, from buying all they need of the comforts of life, Alabama pays \$9,000,000. Our State government costs us about \$1,500,000 a year; so that we pay into the federal treasury about six times as much as we get to carry on our State. Of this \$9,000,000 that we pay to the federal government, very little ever comes back to us. Take for instance the \$10,000,000 now being paid for pensions. Of this we pay fully \$2,500,000 a year, and practically all that is taken from us by the hands of the law is distributed up North. But this continual drain upon us to supply the government is only part of the system that is keeping us poor. The dragoons do not stop with the expenditures of the government at Washington. Where we pay one dollar into the treasury, we pay at least two or three to the favored classes of manufacturers. Not only do we in Alabama pay it, but all the farming States, North and South, pay this same tribute. H. A. Herbert.

Mr. Denison Nominated.

The first Democratic candidate for Congress to be nominated in this State is Hon. William H. Denison, who won the prize in the Seventh district convention at Fort Payne yesterday. Mr. Denison is one of the best known and most influential public men of Alabama, and he will make an able representative. He is a man of strong personality and of acknowledged ability. Under Mr. Cleveland he was United States district attorney for the Northern district of Alabama, and while otherwise he has not held important office the Democratic party has repeatedly trusted him with places of high honor.

Mr. Denison will succeed Gen. William Henry Forney, for eighteen years an honored member of Alabama's delegation in the lower house of Congress. On account of advancing years and the natural weariness arising from such long and arduous public service, General Forney declined to be a candidate for renomination and voluntarily retired to the well earned repose of private life. Age-Herald.

"It authorizes the use of arms of the United States to preserve the peace at the polls.

"It gives to judges of the United States Courts the power of appointing a canvassing or returning board for each State, who shall certify whom the people have elected to Congress.

"It requires the Clerk of the House of Representatives to place on the roll of members-elect the names of the persons holding such certificates, so that they may participate as members in the organization of the House.

"It authorizes officers of the United States to supervise and control the registration of voters.

"It authorizes such officers to ascertain the legality of any registered voter.

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"Finally, it makes permanent appropriation of your money for the execution of the law.

"This enumeration of the provisions of the bill, meager though it is, must make it plain to all men that if we are enacted into law, the people would lose all voice in the selection or control of the officers who manage and certify the result of their elections."

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C. C.

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Do ye mind that, Brother Manning?--Age-Herald.

JAS. HUTCHISON

BAK DRESE AND BARBER,

(Shop at Old Land Company Office.)

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Aug 27-28. Administrator.

Guardian's Settlement.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term August 23rd, A. D. 1892.

Comes this day Wylie Carpenter,

guardian of Alice Fitz, deceased, of

Lawson Fitz, and Henry A. Fitz,

minor children of Henry Fitz, deceased,

and filed his account and

settlement for a final settlement for

Alice Fitz and Claudia Fitz, and a

partial settlement of Lawson Fitz

and Henry A. Fitz, and the 20th day

of September 1892, having been ap-

proved by the Court for examining

and settling and stating the same, notice

is hereby given to all parties inter-

ested to appear in my office, in

the town of Jacksonville, on said

The Republican.

Issued Weekly.

THIRD CONVENTION

OF THE CALHOUN COUNTY SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION.

Rates of Advertising.

Transfer, advertisements \$1 per square,

each notice 10 cents per line,

and notices 10 cents per line.

Advertisements must be paid in Thurs-

days

or before to insure insertion.

ADVERTISING RATE.

One Dollar.

Seventy.

Forty.

Twenty.

Ad-

to be given

in the Jour-

nal.

Ad-

